Cambria Freeman.

H. A. M'PIKE, Editor and Publisher.

HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE.

Terms, $2 per year in advance.

VOLUME 4. EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1870. NUMBER 43.

New Advertisements.

OCTOBER, 1870.

J. & P. COATS'
BEST SIX CORD
IS NOW THE
ONLY
Thread put up for American market which is
SIX-CORD IN ALL NUMBERS,
From No. 8 to No. 100, inclusive.
FOR HAND & MACHINE.

TRAVELERS'
LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Conn. Cash Assets, $1,750,000. Grants LIFE and ENDOWMENT Policies of all approved forms. Ample security, low rates. Also insures against ACCIDENTS causing death or total disability. Policies written by the year or month. Has paid $700 per day for 318 years in benefits to policy-holder.

THE PRACTICAL FARMER—The leading Agricultural Monthly of the United States—containing 24 quarto pages; is recommended to Farmers everywhere as a thoroughly reliable and well illustrated Agricultural and Horticultural Journal. It is largely made up of original matter, and devoted to Stock Raising, Grain Growing, the Dairy, Orchard, Vegetable and Market Gardening, Grazing, Rearing and Fattening Animals, a Veterinary Department, etc. Price $1.50 per annum, in advance. Sample copies supplied on application. Liberal terms to Agents and Canvassers, with show-bills, furnished on application to PASCHALL MORRIS, Publisher and Proprietor, 15 North Third street, Philadelphia.

HOMES, HEALTH, HAPPINESS.
HOW TO BE OBTAINED FOR Five Dollars! In PLANTATIONS, FARMS, VILLA SITES AND TOWN LOTS, at THE GREAT EXPOSITION SALE, At Aiken, S. C. The "Saratoga of the South," 48 hours from N. Y. The most delightful climate in the world. Free from the rigors of Northern winters, exempt from Throat Diseases. Vineyards and orchards in full bearing. For descriptive pamphlet address, with stamp, J. C. DERBY, Augusta, Ga.

$25 A WEEK SALARY!—Young men wanted as local and traveling salesmen: (address with stamp) R. H. WALKER, 34 Park Row, New York.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.
Prizes cashed and information furnished by GEORGE UPHAM, Providence, R. I.

HORRIBLE!—I suffered with Catarrh thirty years, and was cured in six weeks by a simple remedy, and will send receipt, postage free, to all afflicted. T. J. MEAD, Drawer 175, Syracuse, New York.

Newspaper Advertising.

A Book of 125 closely printed pages, lately issued, contains a list of the best American Advertising Medium, giving the names, circulations, and full particulars concerning the leading Daily and Weekly Political and Family Newspapers, together with all those having large circulations, published in the interest of Religion, Agriculture, Literature, &c. Every advertiser, and every person who contemplates becoming such, will find this book of great value. Mailed free to any address on receipt of 20 cents. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Publishers, No. 40 Park Row, New York.

The Pittsburgh (Pa.) *Leader*, in its issue of August 29, 1870, says: "The firm of G. P. Rowell & Co. which issues this interesting and valuable book, is the largest and best Advertising Agency in the United States, and we can cheerfully recommend it to the attention of those who desire to advertise their business **scientifically and systematically** in such a way: that is, as to secure the largest amount of publicity for the least expenditure of money."

REMOVAL AND ENLARGEMENT.
COOKING STOVES, HEATING STOVES.
TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON WARE.

Having recently taken possession of the new and fitted up and commodious building on High street, two doors east of the Bank and nearly opposite the Mountain House, the subscriber is better prepared than ever to manufacture all articles in the TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE line, all of which will be furnished to buyers at the very lowest living prices.

The subscriber also proposes to keep a full and varied assortment of

Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves

of the most approved designs.

SPOUTING and ROOFING made to order and warranted perfect in manufacture and material. REPAIRING promptly attended to.

All work done by me will be done right and on fair terms, and all STOVES and WARE sold by me can be depended upon as to quality and cannot be undersold in price. A continuance and increase of patronage is respectfully solicited, and no effort will be wanting to render entire satisfaction to all.

VALLIE LUTRINGER.

Ebensburg, Oct. 13, 1870.-tf.

LADIES' FANCY FURS!
JOHN FAREIRA
718 Arch St.,
Middle of the Block, between 7th and 8th Sts., South Side,
PHILADELPHIA,
Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds and quality
FANCY FURS
FOR LADIES' & CHILDREN'S WEAR.

Having enlarged, remodel'd and improved my old and favorably known FUR EMPORIUM, and having imported a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe, and have had them made up by the most skillful workmen, I would respectfully invite my friends of Cambria and adjacent counties to call and examine my very large and beautiful assortment of Fancy Furs for Ladies and Children. I am determined to sell at as low prices as any other reputable House in this city. All Furs Warranted. No misrepresentations to effect sales.
Nov. 17, 3m. JOHN FAREIRA,
718 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA.

GOOD FARM FOR SALE.
167 ACRES OF CHOICE LAND,
150 Acres of which are cleared, will be sold on the most reasonable terms. This FARM is located in Allegheny township, Cambria county, on the road leading from Loretto to Chest Springs, and within two miles of the former and three miles of the latter place. The improvements consist of a commodious DWELLING HOUSE in excellent repair, a good BARN, and all necessary OUTBUILDINGS. There is a fine ORCHARD of choice fruit and an abundance of pure water on the premises. The woodland is covered with the best of timber.

☞ The above described property will be sold on conditions to suit the purchaser. Apply on the premises to B. & C. SHIELDS.
Allegheny Twp., Aug. 18, 1870.-tf.

ESTATE OF JOHN KINGSTON, DEC'D.—*Administrator's Notice.*—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JOHN KINGSTON, late of Cresson borough, dec'd, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them duly authenticated for settlement, and all indebted are required to make payment without delay.
THOMAS KINGSTON, Adm'r.
Johnstown, Oct. 20, 1870.-6t.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following Accounts have been passed and filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, for confirmation and allowance, on Wednesday, the 7th day of December next, to wit:

The Account of Mary Shoemaker, one of the Executors of Edward Shoemaker, late of the borough of Ebensburg, dec'd.

The first and partial Account of F. D. Storm, Administrator of D. T. Storm, late of Washington township.

The second and final Account of James King, Administrator of the estate of Andrew Miller, deceased.

The first and final Account of Chas. B. Ellis, Administrator of Hugh Mackin, late of Johnstown, deceased.

The first and final Account of Pat'k Rodgers, Administrator of Anthony O'Donnell, late of Millville borough, deceased.

The first and final Account of David Hildebrand, Guardian of William, Henrietta and Jane Wysel, minor children of Moses Wysel, dec'd.

The first and partial Account of Thos. Jenkins, Administrator of John B. Davis, late of Johnstown, deceased.

The first and final Account of Eliza Noble and James Glasgow, Executors of the last Will and Testament of Thos. Noble, late of White township, deceased.

The first and final Account of John Sharbaugh, Esq., acting Administrator of Conrad Eager, deceased.

The first and partial Account of C. B. Ellis, Guardian of Dan'l Morgan Parks, a minor child of Samuel Parks, late of Conemaugh tp., dec'd.

The first and partial Account of C. B. Ellis, Guardian of George Hoech, jr., and Anna Fredreka Hoeche, minor children of Hannah Hoech, deceased.

The first and final Account of Jos. Criste, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Apalonia Brown, late of Washington twp., deceased.

The first and final Account of Geo. M. Reade, Teustee to make sale of the real estate of Thos. and Catharine Otterson, deceased.

The Account of Catharine Roberts, Adm'x of Wm. Roberts, late of Johnstown borough, dec'd.

The first Account of R. R. Davis and John Bennett, Administrators of the estate of David J. Davis, late of Cambria township, deceased, arising from the sale of decedent's real estate.

GEO. W. OATMAN, Register.
Register's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 10, 1870.-4t.

Sixty-Five First Prize Medals Awarded
THE GREAT
BALTIMORE PIANO
Manufactory.

WILLIAM KNABE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Grand, Square and Upright
PIANO FORTES
Baltimore, Md.

These Instruments have been before the public for nearly Thirty years, and upon their excellence alone attained an *unparalleled prominence*, which pronounces them unequalled. Their

TONE

combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of Intonation, and sweetness throughout the entire scale. Their

TOUCH

is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos.

In Workmanship

they are unequalled, using none but the very best *seasoned material*, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, etc., on hand.

☞ All our **Square Pianos** have our New Improved OVERSTRUNG SCALE and the **Agraffe Treble.**

☞ We would call special attention to our late improvements in GRAND PIANOS and NEW STYLE GRANDS, introduced August 14, 1866, which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.

EVERY PIANO FULLY WARRANTED FOR 5 YEARS

☞ We have made arrangements for the *Sole Wholesale Agency* for the most Celebrated *PARLOR ORGANS and MELODEONS*, which we offer Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Factory Prices.

WILLIAM KNABE & CO.,
Nov. 10, 1870.-3m. BALTIMORE, MD.

JOHNSTOWN FURNITURE EMPORIUM.
WM. P. PATTON,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
—ALL KINDS OF—
CABINET FURNITURE
Nos. 150 and 152 Clinton Street,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

BUREAUS,	CANE CHAIRS,
BEDSTEADS,	WOOD SEAT CHAIRS,
WASHSTANDS,	KITCHEN FURNITURE,
SIDEBOARDS,	BED LOUNGES,
CHAMBER SETS,	MATTRESSES,
PARLOR SETS,	TETE-A-TETES,
WARDROBES,	EXTENSION TABLES,
BOOK CASES,	DINING TABLES,
LOUNGES,	CUPBOARDS,

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
SCHOOL AND HALL FURNITURE
made to order in excellent style and at fair prices. Cabinet and Chairmakers' materials of all kinds for sale. Furniture delivered at any point in Johnstown or at Railroad Station free of extra charge. WM. P. PATTON.
Johnstown, Oct. 13, 1870.-tf.

NOW FOR A GOOD INVESTMENT.—VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE!—The well known and highly cultivated *FARM* owned and occupied by the subscriber, is located in Allegheny township, Cambria county, about one-fourth of a mile from Kaylor's Station and one-and-a-half miles from Loretto, is offered for sale on easy terms and at a fair price.

Said FARM contains 150 ACRES, more or less, in the very best condition, and the improvements are first class, consisting of a two story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, containing seven rooms and well finished throughout, two *Barns*, both in good repair, a *Frame Carriage House*, *Wash House*, and all other necessary outbuildings. The water on the premises is abundant and of the very best quality.

☞ Taken all together, this is one of the most desirable properties in Cambria county, and only needs to be seen to be appreciated. Any person, therefore, wishing to purchase a good Farm on the mountain will do well to call on the subscriber, who is desirous of selling and is willing to give a good chance to any one wishing to purchase. JOSEPH HOGUE.
Allegheny Twp., Nov. 3, 1870.-3m.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that the following Appraisements of certain Personal Property of Decedents, selected and set apart for the widows of intestates, under the Act of Assembly of 14th of April, 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county for approval, on Wednesday, the 7th day of November next, to wit:

The inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels, etc., which were of Geo. W. McDowell, deceased, set apart for widow of said decedent—$299.40.

The inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Joseph Richter, late of Carroll township, deceased, set apart for his widow, Helena Richter—$84.00.

The appraisement of personal property set apart for the widow of Capt. Mark McLaughlin, deceased—$316.25.

The appraisement of the real estate of Conrad Hof, late of Johnstown borough, dec'd, elected to be retained by his widow—$450.00.

GEO. W. OATMAN, Clerk O. C.
Clerk's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 10, 1870.-4t.

NOTICE.—In the matter of the sale of the Real Estate of JOHN SKELLY, Jr., on Vend. Expon., No. 100, June Term, 1870, in Common Pleas of Cambria county.

And now, 8th September, 1870, on motion of GEO. M. READE, Esq., JOSEPH M'DONALD, Esq., appointed Auditor to report distribution of the proceeds of sale on the above stated writs.

By the Court.

The Auditor above named will sit for the purposes of his appointment, at his office in Ebensburg, on *Thursday, 24th day of November*, inst., at 2 o'clock, p. m., at which time and place the parties interested may attend if they think proper. JOSEPH M'DONALD, Auditor.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Expon., Al. Vend. Expon. and Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on MONDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Martha Pringle of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Blacklick township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of E. Brallier, Capt. John Wilson, and others, containing 270 Acres, more or less, about 50 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story Frame House, a Frame Stable, a Water Saw Mill and a Grist Mill, in running order, now in the occupancy of Thomas Duncan; a two story Frame Barn, now in the occupancy of Wm. Duncan; a two story Frame Tenement House and Frame Stable, now in the occupancy of J. C. Duncan, and a two story Frame Tenement House and Frame Stable, not now occupied. **Also,** a piece or parcel of land situate in Blacklick township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Eman'l Brallier, T. B. Moore, and others, containing 180 Acres, more or less, about 80 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one story Frame House and Bank Barn, not occupied. Taken in occupation and to be sold at the suit of John M. King, Administrator of John B. Fromuald.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Stanislaus Wharton, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Edward Burk, David Sutton, and others, containing 55 Acres, more or less, about 6 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a Water Saw Mill, a one-and-a-half story Log House and a Frame Stable, now in the occupancy of Wm. Wharton. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of S. M. Douglass.

Also, all the right, title and interest of John Duncan of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Blacklick township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of E. Brallier, Capt. John Wilson, and others, containing 270 Acres, more or less, about 40 Acres cleared and having thereon erected a two story Frame House and a Frame Barn, now in the occupancy of Wm. Duncan; a two story Frame L House, Grist Mill, Water Saw Mill and a Stable, now in the occupancy of Thomas Duncan; a two story Frame House, now in the occupancy of Michael Miller, and a one-and-a-half story Frame House, not occupied. **Also,** a piece or parcel of land situate in Blacklick township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Emanuel Brallier, ——— Echold, and others, containing 180 Acres, about 80 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story Frame House and a Frame Barn, now in the occupancy of Daniel Brallier. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James Morley.

Also, all the right, title and interest of David Burkhart of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Susquehanna township, Cambria co., adjoining lands of defendant, Mary Ann Cowan, Michael Piatt, and others, containing 97 Acres, more or less, about 3 Acres of which are cleared —now in the occupancy of David Burkhart. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John J. Krise, M. D.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Thos. Brannan of, in and to the following described property, to wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Munster township, Cambria county, beginning at a post on the line of Francis Conner, north 20 degrees, west 16 perches, to a post; thence north 82½ degrees, west 53¾ perches, to a post on line of Joseph Cramer; thence north 8 degrees, east 106 and 7-10 perches, to a post on line of Thos. Gallagher's heirs; thence south 82½ deg., east to a post on line of Joseph O'Brien; balance of said tract of land, south 8 degrees, west 125 perches, to a post, the place of beginning—containing 40 Acres and 50 Perches—it being part of a larger tract of land conveyed by Thomas Gallagher and Susan, his wife, to Joseph O'Brien and Ann, his wife, by deed dated, conveyed to John A. Brien. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John O'Brien.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Mich'l Byrnes of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Allegheny township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Jas. Perry, Jos. Walters, and others, containing 65 Acres, more or less, about 45 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story Plank House and a Log Barn, now in the occupancy of Mrs. Nancy Byrnes. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of E. & H. Nutter.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Hugh G. Krise of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Andrew Burgoon, John Neason, and others, containing 65 Acres, more or less, unimproved. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Peter McGough.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Simon Nagle and Rachel Nagle of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Chest township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of John Lantzy, ——Byers, Uriah Lloyd, and others, containing 65 Acres, more or less, about 20 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story Log House, now in the occupancy of Rachel Nagle. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Hurd & McKee.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Simon Nagle of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Chest township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of John Lantzy, ——Byers, Uriah Lloyd, and others, containing 65 Acres, more or less, about 20 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story Log House, now in the occupancy of Rachel Nagle. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of F. P. Tierney.

Also, all the right, title and interest of James Burk of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Summerhill township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of S. M. Kern, Christian Smay, and others, containing 72 Acres, more or less, about 35 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected two one-and-a-half story Log Houses and a Log Barn, now in the occupancy of James Burk. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Jeremiah McGonigle.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Andrew Kopp of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Fred. Yingling, Timothy Cawley, Thomas Patterson, and others, containing 400 Acres, more less, about 250 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story Log House with Frame Kitchen attached and Log Barn, now in the occupancy of Andrew Kopp; a steam stationary Saw Mill and a two story Frame House, now in the occupancy of Peter Mellon; a two story Plank House, now in the occupancy of Andrew Gorman and Demetrius Weakland. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Murray Hoffman, jr.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Thos. Rodgers of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Ebensburg borough, Cambria county, fronting on the plank road, adjoining lands of Samuel Shoemaker, David Powell, E. R. Dunegan, and others, having thereon erected a two story Frame House and Frame Stable, now in the occupancy of Thos. Rodgers. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Lloyd & Co.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Jesse Woodcock of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Washington township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Mr. Evans, Stephen A. Moyers, and others, containing 6 Acres, more or less, having thereon erected a Water Saw Mill, now in the occupancy of John Wilkin, and a one-and-a-half story Plank House, now in the occupancy of Wm. Hall. **Also,** a piece or parcel of land situate in Washington township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Stephen A. Moyer, Sonman Tract, and others, containing 40 Acres, more or less, having thereon erected two one-and-a-half story Plank Houses and a Plank Stable, now in the occupancy of Jesse Woodcock and John Richardson. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Judson Olmstead.

Also, all the right, title and interest of John Nitzell of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Carroll township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of John Kirsh, Lewis Edwards, and others, containing 133 Acres, more or less, about 20 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a Log House and Log Barn, now in the occupancy of John Nitzell, jr. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Jacob Leib.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Rob't Donaldson of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Washington township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Heirs of Thomas Connell, dec'd, Jacob Burgoon, and others, containing 125 Acres, more or less, about 20 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story Plank House and a Frame Barn, now in the occupancy of Francis McAtamany. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Sarah Sanford. JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 17, 1870.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to report distribution of the funds in the hands of Augustine Craver, Adm'r of Joseph Baum, dec'd, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office in Ebensburg on TUESDAY, the 29th day of NOVEMBER, 1870, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of attending to the duties of said appointment.—Those interested are requested to attend.

WM. H. SECHLER, Auditor.
Ebensburg, Nov. 3, 1870.-3t.

The Poet's Department.

THE MAN THAT WAS MARRIED.

Not a sigh was heard nor a funeral note,
And the man to the bride was hurried;
Not a woman discharged her farewell groan
On the spot where the fellow was married.

No useless watch-chain covered his vest,
Nor over-dressed we found him,
But he looked like a gentleman wearing his best,
With none of his friends around him.

Few and short were the things we said,
And we spoke not a word of sorrow,
But we silently gazed on the man that was wed
And we bitterly thought on the morrow.

We thought, as we silently stood about,
With spite and anger eyeing,
How the meanest stranger had cut us out
With only half his trying.

Lightly we'll talk of the fellow that's gone,
And oft for the past upbraid him,
But little tell which, if we let him live on
In the house where his wife conveyed him.

But our heavy task at length was done,
When the clock struck the hour for retiring,
And we heard the spiteful squib and pun
The girls were sullenly firing.

Slowly and sadly we turned to go;
We had struggled and we were human;
We shed not a tear, we spoke not our woe,
But we left him alone with his woman.

Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

ABSENCE OF MIND.

Macauley remarks that absent mindedness is the mark of either a genius or a fool. We think that Lord Macauley was a little too severe on one of its sides A man's mind may be so intensely occupied with lofty intuitions and inspirations that his senses, seemingly, are scarcely awake to the realities of this tangible world.

A certain Scottish professor was not more remarkable for his writing on political economy than for his frequent unconsciousness of what passed before him His absence of mind was so remarkable that his wife once wagered that she would accost him in the street, inquire after the health of herself and family, and that he would not recognize her. She actually won the wager. The professor was once taking a solitary walk on the banks of a canal, into which in his abstraction he walked. When within a yard of the centre, an honest woman washing clothes behind him bawled out, "Come oot, come oot, fule body, or ye'll be droon't." The warning sounds invading the tympanum of his professional ear, had the effect of making him turn right about, and forthwith recover the dry land. The good woman, concluding him to be an idiot, sympathetically exclaimed: "Puir body, they nae muckle to answer for that lets ye gang yer lane."

A friend tells the following amusing instance of absence of mind: My grandfather was returning home one evening from the hay field, driving his oxen before a load of hay. He had tied an old mare, which he had been using, to the cart behind, but happening to think of one of her favorite tricks of pulling, he untied her again, and mounting, rode astride, still driving the oxen. He fell into a deep revery, as was his wont, in which balky mares and all other vexations sublunary matters were banished from his mind. But this serene state was suddenly broken up by his happening to think, when near home, that he had, when starting from the field, tied that unruly beast to the cart behind. Entirely forgetting the precaution he had afterwards taken, he whirled about only to discover that she was missing from the place; and, supposing that she had pulled loose, he rode back at full gallop in search of the vixen. In the course of half a mile he met one of his neighbors, a stuttering fellow, to whom he called out to know if he had seen anything of her. Before the man had half surmounted his t-ts (perhaps from a comical expression on his face,) the whole truth flashed into my grandfather's mind, and he turned back at full speed, without waiting for a reply to his inquiry, only exclaiming, "Let her go; I'll n-e look her up." But it was too late for him to save himself, and his neighbors in the old Vermont village never suffered the story to be forgotten as long as he lived there.

We knew of a young fellow employed in a store on River street, who was one day sent into the cellar to draw a gallon of sperm oil. While waiting, he picked up a piece of chalk, and in a minute he was absorbed in sketching the proprietor's profile. The profile on the hogshead was capital, but while the artist was absorbed in his pursuit, the oil pursued its way over the cellar floor. He was informed he would not do for a merchant, but just now he is a first-rate New York artist.

The following stories are told of the absent-mindedness of a clergyman of the church of Scotland: He married rather late in life, and the marriage tour was on the continent. At one of the halting places, Mrs. ——— retired to the hymenial bower in advance of her lord, who sat for a time cogitating down stairs. Presently he came to himself, and summoning the waiter, requested to be shown to his bed room. He was, of course, shown to the room in which his wife had already retired. But he had forgot all about matrimony and what it involved, and recoiling from the doorway with horror, turned upon the waiter with angry upbraiding for showing him to a bed room already occupied by a woman! One Sunday morning he was dressing in his bed room on a chair in which lay a tray containing half a dozen shirts, done up with fitting clerical stiffness. He progressed leisurely in his dressing, till he came to attempt fastening his waistcoat, when he found the operation impossible. After many ineffectual struggles, he called his wife to his aid, who likewise found the waistcoat difficulty insurmountable. She was at a loss to explain the phenomenon, till she happened to cast her eye on the shirt tray. It was empty. The minister, in his absence of mind, had put on the whole half-dozen shirts, one on top of another, and it was no wonder that his waistcoat would not button. On another occasion he and his wife were under invitation to dine at the mansion of the laird of the parish. The minister had been out for a long day's work, and when he came home, a little too late, he found his mistress already dressed and waiting. He at once went up stairs to make his toilet with strict injunctions from his good lady to be quick. He was so slow, however, that she got impatient, and went to see what was the cause of the delay. Entering the bed room she found the worthy man placidly enjoying his first sleep. Having undressed, it seems that in his absence of mind he had taken it for granted that the natural sequel was to go to bed, and he lay totally oblivious of the dinner party at the laird's.

It is said of Sir Isaac Newton that he often forgot to eat his dinner, which his housekeeper was accustomed to leave in a closet near his study door. His head was too much in the Heavens to mind the earth; so a friend knowing his peculiarity, one day slipped his dinner out of the basket and ate it. When at last the philosopher came out and greeted his friend, he asked to be excused till he took his lunch. On looking into his basket and finding it gone, he simply exclaimed, much to his friend's amusement, "Oh, I forgot I had eaten my dinner."

An absent-minded man, Mr. A——— of Troy, receives a letter; knows the handwriting—he wants to read it in haste—it is already dark—he strikes a light, tears a paper and lights a lamp, but the letter is gone—he has used it to light the lamp.

There is a late striking instance given of Pere Gratry, who had just been nominated Director of the Academy of Paris. One day, when going to the Sorbonne, where he lectured on theology, he imagined he had forgotten his watch, and took it out of his pocket to see if he had time to go and fetch it.

It is said of Neander, the learned lecturer, and ecclesiastical historian of Germany, that his sister had to watch him daily, to see that he did not start to the university with his night cap on, or with his study-gown and slippers; and it was not uncommon for him, when moving aside from the jostling crowd in the street, to step into the gutter, where he walked on and on, seemingly unconscious of where he was stepping.

The following anecdote illustrates several things, among others the presence of mind of medical students, and the absence of ditto sometimes in cabmen: A medical student returning home late in a cab, recollected, upon finding he had no money to pay his fare, that he had dropped two sovereigns at the bottom of the cab. He told the cabman, in an agitated manner, of his losses, and begged of him to wait till he got a candle to look for them. He went into the hall to look for one, but while falling over the chairs in search of a "lucifer" he heard the cab go off. He ran to the door, and, to his astonishment, saw the cab galloping as fast as it could down the street. He halloed, and called, and shouted, but the cabman was so deaf that he could not hear him. The medical student, however, went quietly to bed, and, instead of reproaching himself for the deception he had practised on the cabman, he laughed at the ingenious way in which he had got home for nothing.

A story is told of a very good elderly gentleman, an affectionate husband and father, who, upon a fire breaking out in his home, rushed across the street and earnestly begged a friend who lived opposite to take care of—his nightcap!

People have been known to throw glass or crockery out of first or second floor window in order to save it, when human lives and real valuables were in jeopardy.

An old servant was dragged fainting from a house in flames. When she came to, she said, "Thank goodness, I've saved this!" Now what she saved was a parlor broom. It is not everbody who can be as cool as the Scotchman, who flung himself out of the sixth story on hearing the cry of "fire!" When he had got half way down he found that there was no fire at all, but seeing a friend in the third story looking out of the window, said contemplatively, "Eh, Sandy, mon, sic a fa' as I will hae!"

A milkman on the line of the Harlem Railroad was seen lately driving Jehu-like with his milk-wagon on a four mile-heat, thinking he would be too late for the train. The villagers stared as he rushed through the streets. The train was already standing at the depot. He dashed across the track, backed up his empty wagon with the board out, turned around held up his hands and exclaimed, "By Jakes! I thought that Pete had put them cans in!" A four mile race with an empty wagon—so much for the mind wandering. Per contra—Stanislaus' wife never forgot herself in any momentary fit of enthusiasm. She could count the clock amid his kisses, and looked to see whether the pot was boiling with her eyes full of tears, he had wrung from them by some moving story. While he was listening in rapture to her singing, she would break off in the middle of a verse to ask him what she should cook for supper; and he could never forgive her for having once interrupted him, while she was listening with deep emotion to his very best sermon, to tell him not to put on his left stocking in the morning till she had mended it.—Troy Times.

LOVE AND A FARM.

Quite a number of odd and amusing scenes frequently occur with parties who visit the probate court for the purpose of securing the necessary document to legalize their marriage. But the other day a young man, about twenty-one, accompanied by one of the opposite sex, equally as young, ascended the main steps of the court house, and then, on being directed to the probate court, took up the line of march for its hallowed precincts. Reaching the door, he refused to enter.

The rustic maiden, who was extremely anxious to see the marriage programme carried to a successful issue, looked upon him with pleading eyes, and then, taking him by the hand in the most tender manner, beseeched him to enter the court and obtain the license.

"Oh! come along, Jake; what's the use of backing out?" fell in dulcet tones upon Jacob's ear.

"Melindy, I can't! The old man will give me fits if I marry you."

"Haven't you told me a thousand times that you would marry me in spite of the old man?"

"Yes! yes! but there is—"

"Is what?"

"Why, the farm."

"Plague take the farm."

"Yes, but, Melindy," reasoned her lover, "hadn't we better wait till the old man dies, and then I'll have the farm sure?"

"Dod rot his old soul, he'll live fifty years yet; there's no die in him. Come along now and get that ere license; I ain't a going to be put off any more."

"I'll tell you what I'll do, Melindy."

"Well, spit her out."

"If the old man holds out agin my having you till Christmas, I will marry you then, farm or no farm."

"Sure."

"As sure as my name is Jacob."

"Well, let her go then till Christmas, but if you back out then, Jake, look sharp."

"I'll toe the scratch then, by jingo, if the old man runs me off the farm with a double barreled shot gun, certain." And Jake looked as if he would.

Thus reassured on being married by Christmas, Melindy drew off with her Jake, fully satisfied, doubtless, with the postponement But if Jake does prove recreant to his promise, we will wager any amount of nickel, that Melindy will go for him, to use the vernacular of the uncultivated, "like a thousand of brick. —*Indiana Paper.*

"KISS ME, MAMMA!"—"Kiss me, mamma, before I sleep." How simple a boon, yet how soothing to the little supplicant is that soft, gentle kiss! The little head sinks contentedly on the pillow, for all is peace and happiness within.—The bright eyes close, and the rosy lip is reveling in the bright and sunny dream of innocence. Yes, kiss it, mamma, for that goodnight kiss will linger in the memory when the giver lies mouldering in the grave. The memory of a gentle mother's kiss has cheered many a lonely wanderer's pilgrimage, and has been the beacon light to illuminate his desolate heart; for, remember life has many a stormy billow to cross, many a rugged path to climb, with thorns to pierce, and we know not what is in store for the little one so sweetly slumbering, with no marring care to disturb its peaceful dreams. The parched and leavered lips will become dewey again as recollection bears to the sufferer's couch a mother's love—a mother's kiss. Then kiss your little ones ere they sleep; there is a magic power in that kiss which will endure to the end of life.

THE LOVE OF CHILDREN.—If I were to choose among all gifts and qualities that which, in the whole, make the pleasantest, I should select the love of children. No circumstance can render this world wholly a solitude to one who has this possession. It is a free masonry. Wherever one goes, there are the little brethren and sisters of the mystic tie. No diversity of race or tongue makes much difference. A smile spreads the universal language. "If I value myself on anything," said the lonely Howthorne, "is that I have a smile that children love." They are such prompt little beings too; they require so little prelude; hearts are won in two minutes, at that frank period, and so long as you are true to them they will be true to you.

WHAT is the difference between the captain of a base ball nine and a prize fighter? One heads the batters, and the other batters the heads.

JOAN OF ARC.

Just at this time when a new Joan of Arc is reported as appearing at Tours, Miss Anna Dickinson's lecture on the historical Joan is of interest. The following is a synopsis of the lecture:

"Miss Anna Dickinson commenced by speaking of women in France from the fifteenth to the nineteenth century, and their disabilities, legal, social and otherwise. Passing from this, she said that among the many names which would pass down to eternity was that of Joan of Arc, who ended strife and won victory for France, the nation that had brought untold misery upon itself by excluding women from the throne. In 1316, when a young woman was sole heir to the throne, many believed then, as since, that as women had not the power to enforce the law, she should have no voice in making it, and the young girl, the rightful heir, was thrust aside and a man placed on the throne. Little did the people then think of the revolutions that were to ensue, and that great victories would be won and peace established by another young girl. In 1422, at the death of Charles the Sixth, France had been stripped and bared to the skin. The peasants were impoverished and famine followed. Charles the successor was a weakling, while Bedford, who represented England, was the most powerful monarch of his time. It was the power of weakness against strength. The nation stripped herself in her poverty, and the gay young French nobles threw themselves into the struggle to win or die. Here was the last stand to be taken for French nationality, but the teeth of hunger and cold gnaw through the strongest resolutions, and Orleans stretched out her hands to the King for help. Suddenly, through the dark a light came, and a voice like a tempest was heard saying: "I am come from God to save you."

"The speaker then proceeded to give a biography of the celebrated subject of her lecture. Joan of Arc was born in 1411, in Domemy, a little village of Lorraine. Her father was a poor but independent peasant, a man whose independence came from actual ownership of the soil. Her mother was an industrious and pious woman, and a skilled workwoman. Joan as a child was tender, benevolent, pious, earnest and unselfish. She was not content in being at church simply at matins and vespers, and she was so impressed with church bells that she gave her scanty earnings to the bell-ringer to prolong their melodies. While her companions played she prayed, and in the great forest of the Vosges, near her father's house, she often strayed, gathering vague inspiration from the solemn undertone of the trees. Her home stood at the crossing of two great roads, where many travelers passed, and the tales of France they told grew sadder and sadder as years passed by. The girl was intensely loyal. Her sentiment for France was not a sentiment, it was a divine passion. She loved France, believed in France, and was entirely devoted to her country. As she hears the proverb that France, lost through a woman, shall be restored through a girl of the marshes of Lorraine, solitude, nature, prayer and faith feed the awful hope, and she believes she is destined through God to relieve France of her enemies. In a vision, she tells us, St. Michael appeared, and told her God had chosen her to crown the King, Henry VII., and drive out the armies of the victorious English.

"Miss Dickinson then gave a glowing portrayal of the visions of the deliverance of France, which fastened themselves upon the mind of the young girl. But the parents of Joan of Arc did not believe in her visions, and finally an uncle, who loved her, took her to his house, and then went as her ambassador to the Governor to say that his niece was sent by God to raise the siege of Orleans and crown the King. The Governor derides both uncle and niece, but finally the King sends for her to come into his presence. Armed and equipped she traverses one hundred and four leagues of territory, every fortress of which is in the hands of the enemy, and crossing eight rivers which have no bridges, is finally received by the King, who disguises himself, and appears among his courtiers. She at once recognizes him, and as a last hope he listens to her plans, and she is placed in command with the title of general.

"The details of the famous

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY MORNING, : NOV. 24, 1870.

The State Treasuryship.

It is becoming very evident, from the tone of the leading Radical papers in the State, that the disgraceful political debauchery that attended the election of State Treasurer by the Legislature in January last, will be re-enacted at the election of that officer during the approaching session. It is openly declared that Simon Cameren, through the corrupt appliances of which he is so skillful a master, is determined to re instate his friend Mackey in the position from which he was unexpectedly ejected last winter by General Irwin. That result was brought about by the Democratic members and about fifteen or eighteen dissatisfied Radicals uniting and casting their votes for Irwin. Believing that Mackey was unscrupulous and corrupt—that he was the head and front of the notorious "Treasury Ring"—we approved of the action of the Democratic members in supporting Gen. Irwin. The conduct, however, of that gentleman, when he appeared before the Treasury Investigrting Committee, and obstinately refused to answer all the questions propounded to him as to the manner in which the public funds—we mean the unexpended balances in the Treasury—had been used, materially changed our opinion of his official integrity and forced us to the plain conclusion that there was "something rotten in Denmark." It is understood that Gen. Irwin will not be a candidate for re-election and that Mackey's most formidable competitor will be ——— Taggart, who is chief clerk in the Treasury office.

The office of State Treasurer, ever since 1850, has yielded a fortune to every man who has held it two years in succession, whether he was a Republican or Democrat. It is not the mere salary of the office that makes its incumbent rich, but it is the full and unchecked privilege he enjoys of loaning at interest to the banks, as well as to his personal and political friends, the surplus money in the treasury, and putting the bonus he receives for its use into his own pocket. It is a golden prize and hence the exciting annual contest to secure it.

It has been suggested by several Radical papers, the *Alleghanian* of this place amongst the number, that a new man, unconnected with any ring or clique of corrupt political managers, should be nominated and elected. Would this remedy the evil complained of? Not at all. It is just as certain as the night follows the day, that if a new man defeats both Mackey and Taggart for the nomination in the Radical caucus, *he will form a ring of his own* before he is one month in the office. The truth of this proposition is perfectly manifest from the very nature of things. There is but one way by which this devil's rock in the sea of Pennsylvania politics can be removed. Let the members of the Legislature, at the very commencement of the session, assume the virtue of *honesty*, even though they have it not, and pass a stringent and well guarded act requiring the State Treasurer, from time to time, to loan on good security to banking institutions, or to private individuals, the unexpended balance under his control, and compel him under heavy penalties to furnish the Legislature, at the commencement of each session, with a *sworn* statement of the amount of said loans, the names of the banks or persons who received them, and the amount of interest received thereon and paid into the treasury. Such a law or one similar to it, would simplify matters amazingly and would effectually prevent the Treasurer from speculating in the public funds for his own pecuniary benefit. Even if the Treasurer was made elective by the people, as he ought to be, by an amendment to the constitution, the evil now complained of would still exist. It is only by the passage of a law such as we have indicated that any State Treasurer, however pure and upright he may be when he assumes the duties of the office can be prevented from using the public money for his own personal gain and be compelled to invest it for the benefit of those to whom it rightfully belongs, the heavily burdened tax payers of the Commonwealth.

WM. W. WATT, a Republican State Senator from the first Philadelphia district, died in that city on last Friday. His death makes a *tie* between the two political parties in the Senate—sixteen Democrats and sixteen Radicals. Where a vacancy occurs in either House by death, resignation, or otherwise, it is the duty of the Speaker to issue his writ ordering a special election, which must take place not less than fifteen nor more than thirty days from the time it bears date. Gen. White was elected Speaker of the Senate at the close of the last session. Whether he will issue his writ to the Sheriff of Philadelphia now, or postpone doing so until after the meeting of the Legislature on the first Tuesday in January, remains to be seen. A few years ago, in 1864 we think, precisely the same state of affairs existed at the meeting of the Senate. John P. Penny, of Allegheny county, was then Speaker of that body and decided that where neither of the candidates had a majority of all the votes cast, the Speaker elected at the end of the previous session (Penny himself) held over, until a new Speaker was elected. Penny's ruling in his own case, which was regarded at the time by the best Parliamentarians in the State as totally unsound, clogged the wheels of legislation and produced confusion worse confounded. We do not wish to see that experiment repeated, and trust that Gen. White will promptly order an election to supply the vacancy before the Senate convenes, let the result of the contest be what it may. The interests of the people of the whole State demand that this should be done.

New York and Missouri.

If ever a President received a stunning rebuke—one that can neither be overlooked nor misunderstood—it was administered to Grant at the recent elections in New York and Missouri. In the former State he usurped a power which no former President ever attempted to exercise and which, if it were resorted to by the Cabinet of Great Britain, would almost produce a revolution throughout the kingdom. Under the transparent plea of protecting the sanctity of the ballot box, several thousand United States troops were transported from distant sections of the country at enormous expense, and quartered in the immediate vicinity of the city of New York. The avowed intention of this illegal and unauthorized proceeding was to enforce military authority at the polls, if the slightest cause for doing so presented itself. The true purpose, however, was not the protection of the ballot-boxes from fraud, but by a grand display of military force, to create a species of terrorism throughout the city, and thus prevent old and timid Democrats from going to the election at all. Grant's object was to reduce the overwhelming Democratic majority in the city to so low a figure that it would be overcame by the Radical vote in the western part of the State, and the election of Woodford, the Radical candidate for Governor, be assured. Besides this, he hoped to defeat some of the city Democratic candidates for Congress, especially S. S. Cox and James Brooks. The cry went forth that the Democrats of the city would provoke a riot on the day of the election, and therefore armed troops must be sent there to overawe and terrify them and preserve the peace at all hazards. But there was no riot—not even the least attempt at one—nor was it ever contemplated that there should be one. Taking the administration, therefore, at its own word, that the election was fair and honest, what was the result. A majority for John T. Hoffman, the Democratic candidate for Governor, of over 52,000, a majority of 30,000 for Hall for Mayor and the triumphant election of all the Democratic candidates for Congress. When it is remembered, also, that five thousand negroes voted the Radical ticket, Grant's defeat was still more decisive. The result of that election shows that Grant is not yet a dictator, clothed with the purple, and that the Democracy of the city of New York, in defiance of bristling bayonets, then voted as they will hereafter vote, in spite of Mr. Grant's personal tastes or political preferences.

In Missouri Grant's defeat was, if possible, more disastrous. The candidates for Governor were Mr. M'Clurg, the present incumbent, and Brown, both Republicans, the main difference between them being that M'Clurg was opposed to the repeal of a certain clause in the constitution of the State, whereby more than *forty thousand white* men are denied the right of suffrage, while all the ignorant negroes possess it, and Brown was the outspoken advocate of its prompt abrogation. The Democrats had no candidate of their own, but cordially supported Brown. Grant interfered through his official patronage in favor of M'Clurg and against the white race and even stooped so low as to write a letter denouncing Brown and his Republican supporters, and especially Gen. Carl Schurz, one of the United States Senators from that State, who was the able and eloquent advocate of the liberal platform on which Mr. Brown stood. Brown was elected by over 40,000 majority—the Legislature is more than two-thirds conservative, and of the *nine* Congressmen, only *three* are friends of Grant and his tottering administration. It was an unprecedented victory, and places the destinies of the State under the control of the conservatives for years to come. When disfranchised white men in Missouri can hereafter approach the ballot-box, unmolested and undisturbed, they will not forget, that they enjoy that great boon against the efforts and protest of Ulysses S. Grant.

SIMON CAMERON has gone down to Georgia to make radical speeches and to establish a National Bank at Savannah. An election is to be held in that State during the latter part of December for *seven* members of Congress. The State is at present unrepresented both in the House and in the Senate, although a corrupt and mercenary carpet-bagger by the name of Bullock, who hails from the interior of New York, acts as its Governor, and with the approval of Congress and the administration, plunders and oppresses the people. The recent triumph of the Democratic party in Alabama and Florida, both of which States adjoin Georgia, renders it highly important that the latter State should vote the radical ticket, and hence Cameron, from his well known antecedents, was selected to bring about that desirable result. From the character of the agent employed, a brilliant Democratic victory may be anticipated. Cameron will be out of his old and favorite bailiwick and will quickly discover that the people of Georgia have not descended quite so low in the scale of political morality as his venal tools in the Pennsylvania Legislature.

WE learn from the Bedford *Gazette* that John Cessna has served notice on Benjamin F. Meyers that he will contest his (Meyers') right to his seat in the next Congress. This movement on the part of Cessna fully meets public expectation. It is some satisfaction, however, to know that the Congress which will pass upon and determine the *status* of Cessna will be composed of very different material from the present partisan body.—One thing is certain—the present infamous majority of the Committee on Elections will not then be in existence to annul and contemptuously set aside the legally expressed will of Democratic constituencies and to seat elections as if they never had occurred. John Cessna will appear before that committee in the humiliating attitude of begging a seat from his political friends which he was not able to secure through all his well known duplicity, notwithstanding "the colored troops fought nobly" in his district and gave him between six and eight hundred new votes.

Reform Convention of 1838.

A few days ago, in looking over the names of the members of the Constitutional, or, as it was styled, the Reform Convention, which met at Harrisburg in 1837 and completed its labors at Philadelphia on the 22d of February, 1838, our curiosity prompted us to ascertain how many of them are yet living. As far as we can judge, the following may be taken as a pretty correct list of the survivors of that able and intellectual body of men: Daniel Agnew of Beaver, Ephraim Banks of Mifflin, Charles Brown of Philadelphia, (now of the State of Delaware,) Jos. R. Chandler of Philadelphia, A. J. Cline of Bedford, R. E. Cochran of Lancaster, John A. Gamble of Lycoming, Henry G. Long of Lancaster, Benjamin Martin of Philadelphia, Wm. M. Meredith of Philadelphia, Christian Myers of Clarion, James Pollock of Northumberland, Samuel A Purviance of Butler, H. Gold Rodgers of Allegheny, E. W. Stundwant of Luzerne, James Todd of Indiana, R. G. White of Tioga, and George W. Woodward of Luzerne—making eighteen in all. It will thus be seen that in thirty-two years death has terribly decimated the ranks of the members of that convention. We may here remark that, although Thaddeus Stevens was one of the very foremost men in the convention, his name does not appear to the draft of the Constitution as adopted by its framers. He stubbornly refused to sign it because the first section of article third, prescribing the qualifications of voters, contained to him the hated word, "*white.*"

South Carolina Election.

From the official returns it appears that the Republicans carried everything before them in South Carolina—Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, all four Congressmen, and an overwhelming majority in the Legislature. Scott, the Governor, is re-elected by 33,534 majority, being almost double the majority by which President Grant carried the State in 1868. A. J. Ramsier, negro, is elected Lieutenant-Governor; Jos. H. Rainey, negro, to Congress in the First District; R. C. De Large, negro, in the Second; R. R. Elliott, negro, in the Third; and A. I. Wallace, white Republican, in the Fourth. Eleven out of the thirty-one State Senators and eighty out of the one hundred and twenty-four Representatives are negroes, and this, added to a negro Lieutenant-Governor, negro Secretary of State, negro Justice of the Supreme Court, and three negro Congressmen out of four, gives South Carolina a rather dark political aspect just at present in more senses than one. In its issue of the 12th inst. the Boston *Advertiser* is candid enough to so admit. Such a triumph, it thinks, "is a great but a dangerous victory," and, now that it is won, urges the pressing necessity of such steps as may make "this great State, which has proved itself the Republican strong hold of the South, a model for her sisters, and not a by word among them and a reproach to the Republicanism of the country."

It is pleasant to find a leading Republican paper thus conscious of the stigma affixed to our American system of self-government by such degrading exhibitions as that now presented in South Carolina; but the *Advertiser* is wrong in attributing such an absolute negroizing of the State to the apathy of the white population. The citizens of South Carolina worked manfully to redeem their country, but were overwhelmed by a most infamous system of frauds upon the ballot-box. By the South Carolina election law the Governor, himself a candidate, appointed three commissioners of election in each county, and these in turn three managers, in whose hands the ballot-boxes were to remain for three days after the election and to be then turned over to the commissioners, who in turn were to keep them without announcing any result for ten days. This procedure having no other purpose than to allow a private count of the ballots with sufficient time to hear from all the precincts, so as to cook up the general returns with no glaring discrepancy in any particular locality, it is not surprising that a wholesale Republican victory is the announced result. A more glaring fraud has perhaps never been perpetrated in the country; and the *Advertiser* may learn something of the honesty of its party if it will compare what it did in South Carolina with what it said in New York—the ballot boxes it stuffed there, and the election it sought to discredit here.—*World.*

STRANGE PHENOMENON—The inhabitants of Basket Station on the Delaware division, Erie Railway, were treated to a first-class sensation. About two miles north of the place three acres of land heavily timbered with hemlock, occupying an elevated position, suddenly sank below the surface, disappearing in a manner similar to a load of dirt when the bottom is let out of the wagon. There was no apparent cause, but it has certainly sunk to the depth of about forty feet, leaving the tops of the trees just visible above the surface. The sinking was accompanied by a loud crash, which died away in a dull rumble, heard at a considerable distance. The trees are standing in their natural positions, having evidently experienced no particular injury in their descent.

It is usual when such freaks of nature occur for the sunken earth to be immediately submerged by volumes of water, but in this instance no such phenomenon attends. The soil is of a clayey nature, and the sides of the chasm formed by the sinking present a smooth and even appearance, as if a huge spade had been thrust down, and the earth thrown out.

The people at the Basket, and from the surrounding country for miles, visited the scene of the phenomenon on Sunday, and viewed it with awe and consternation. They don,t like to be close to where the bottom seems to be dropping out of terrestrial things. —*Port Jervis Gazette.*

IF the wandering death-bed utterances of the two great Confederate chieftains "Stonewall" Jackson and Robert E. Lee, may be considered as final in the matter, then the late Confederate General A. P. Hill, who lost his life in the closing battle of the war, must be accepted by history as the most trusted coadjutor of these eminent commanders. In his dying moments Jackson exclaimed, "Send A. P. Hill to the front!" Upon his death-bed at Lexington, General Lee, as the telegraph states, his mind reverting to the bloody events of the war, "once ordered his tent to be struck, and at another time desired Hill to be sent for." Thus does it appear that, in the supreme moments of the closing hours of those men upon whose shoulders rested the heaviest burdens of the war upon the side of the Confederacy, came the utterances, born of delirium, but more solemn for that reason, that stamps General P. Hill as a man whose presence was to be dreaded and whose fidelity was assured. No higher compliment could be paid to his memory than these parting words of Lee and Jackson.

News and Political Items.

—A Lyons telegram says that Mr. Train has been missing for several days, and there are fears of his assassination.

—Wellington Cassiday, residing in Blackford county, Ind., is minus a house since he took to throwing hot ashes out of the window on a windy night.

—Judson A. Giles, a young married man, living about a mile from Dimock Corners, Susquehanna county, committed suicide by shooting himself in the heart a few days ago.

—A newly made sovereign voted a hotel bill of fare in Utica, by mistake. It was counted for the Radical candidates, as it was conceded that they were the most hungry.

—Some of our Radical exchanges are afraid that a portion of the managers are determined to rule or ruin the party. The nonsense of talking about spoiling rotten eggs!

—George Gass, an old bachelor of Shamokin, eighty years of age, was run over and killed on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad last week. A warning to old bachelors.

—Wheeler, the celebrated diamond hunter of the Cape of Good Hope, arrived in London on the 19th inst. He brought some stones valued at £30,000 and weighing 88 carats.

—George Quickel died in Conewago township, York county, aged over one hundred years. Mr. Quickel in his whole life was never out of York county. He died where he was born.

—A near-sighted youth in Grant county, Indiana, proposed to the wrong girl the other night, and being laughed at by his associates gave way to despair and attempted to commit suicide.

—Two young gentlemen just out of the nursery in La Crosse, Wisconsin, have fought a duel with shot-guns for the sake of a fair one of seven summers. Both combatants were seriously wounded.

—A woman who was stealing wood at Holyoke, Mass., the other night, got too big a load, and the rope with which it was bound slipped around her neck and strangled her. She was found dead next morning.

—A playful and powerful man at work in the Kittery Navy Yard, threw his arms around a companion's waist and gave him such a hearty squeeze as to injure him internally so that he died. No harm was intended.

—A cruel mother in Indiana recently captured and married her daughter's intended, whereat the young lady took umbrage, and by way of dire revenge set off a half dozen bunches of fire crackers under the bridal couch.

—Plums are so plenty in Wisconsin that farmers are making them into wine. Plum wine will certainly be a novelty. Much interest will be manifested to know how much of it will cause man to lose his plumb.

—Mr. Hall, of Ohio, was impolite enough to get into his wagon and start for the circus, without inviting Mr. Townsend to go along, so the latter shot him with bird shot. If the offense is repeated Mr. Townsend will use slugs.

—The owner of a farm near Westfield, Illinois, runs a steam engine using gas for fuel, which is spontaneously generated from a well four hundred feet deep, and enough is wasted to light the city of St. Louis, as estimated.

—The Green Bay *Advocate* says: "sugar making in November! Who ever heard of such a thing? And yet this fall the sap is running, the trees are buddihg, and the Menominee Indians are out in the woods making sugar.

—There was a race last week on the Warm Spring mountain says the Lexington (Va.,) *Gazette*, between Governor Letcher and a panther, in which, it is said, the Governor made the best time of the season for a short distance.

—Mr. J. Q. A. White, of West Rochester, Vt., owns a spaniel which he shears as regularly as a sheep, and the fleece is sufficient to keep a man and boy in nice, soft, warm stockings through the year. That's the kind of a dog to keep.

—A young wife of fourteen in Glen's Falls, N. Y., felt so bad when her husband, aged twenty, suggested divorce, that she poisoned herself to rid him of the task of supporting her. They had been married over two months.

—Dr. Dio Lewis says there is a gentleman now living in New York City who has three beautiful front teeth which he purchased from the mouth of an Irishman. His own teeth were removed, and Patrick's were instantly transferred.

—The dark day of the year for newspapers is coming—the day when the message and documents come down upon them in an overwhelming avalanche. The editorial prayer to the President and Cabinet is—gentlemen, please cut it short.

—A Kittery (Me.) youth, who desired to wed the object of his affections, had an interview with her paternal ancestor, in which he stated that, although he had no wealth worth speaking of, yet he was "chuck full of day's work." He got the girl.

—The instigator of the Tien-tsin massacre has been arrested, and the Chinese government promises speedy justice. The Shanghai *News Letter* bitterly complains of the gross neglect and wanton disregard of duty shown by Mr. Low, the American Minsiter.

—Dr. F. V. Marrissall, of Fall River, has a Bible in his library printed in 1547, which makes it three hundred and twenty-three years old. It is printed in the oldest style, coarse type, without divisions into chapters or verse, and is very substantially bound in oak.

—The result of the election and the overwhelming reaction in favor of the Democratic party are given in the synopsis of the elections. In 1868 eight States went Republican and six Democratic. Against these, in 1870 ten have gone Democratic and but two Republican.

—The boiler of a portable saw mill, at Mineral City, Ohio, exploded at ten o'clock Tuesday. The proprietor, David Huntsman, and an employee named David Sailes, were instantly killed. Three others were wounded, one mortally. A portion of the boiler, in its descent, fell upon the telegraph office, crushing in the roof.

—The mystery attending the sudden disappearance of George Francis Train, is solved by a letter from his private secretary, George H. Bellis, who writes from Lyons, stating that Train was not murdered, but secretly arrested by the agents of the provisional government and bastiled at Lyons. The duration of imprisonment is unknown.

—In Wayne county, New York, a man named Graham has just been sentenced to be hung on the 21st of December, for murder. He was remarkably cool all through the trial, and when his Honor asked him if he had anything to say remarked that he "wouldn't flip a cent whether he lived or died." The Judge didn't offer to "head or tail" on chances.

—James Russell, of Sutton, N. H., committed suicide on Monday by hanging himself in his barn. A piece of paper was found on which he had written: "I came into the world in 1800; have lived seventy years and seen the machine, but don't understand it. I came into the world by the neck, and if they will except me will go out by the neck." It is thought he was insane.

—Manch Chunck, Nov. 21.—Charles Snyder, a citizen of Manch Chunk, in attempting to shoot a cat on the morning of the 21st inst., accidentally discharged his revolver, the contents entering his heart, killing him instantly.

—There is an old fellow named Samuel Bogue, residing at Hopewell, Indiana, who has lived for 108 years without having learned to either read or write. He has a splendid memory, and can recite several passages of scripture that he acquired when a boy at his mother's knee. At New Albany, in the same State, there is a centenarian, who has been a member of the Masonic Order in good standing for eighty one years.

—On Monday evening, Mr. St. John, a farmer residing near Flint Lake, Indiana, was shot and instantly killed while sitting near a window reading. The perpetrator of the deed was a young man by the name of Sopher, who had been in the employ of Mr. St. John about six months. Sopher was found dead a short distance from the house, having committed suicide immediately after the murder. The cause of the murder is unknown.

—The Prince Amadeus, of Italy, Duke of Aosta, and second son of King Victor Emmanuel, has been formally elected King of Spain, by a majority of 191 to 120, in the Cortes. The Duke is popular in Italy, his political aspirations so far as known are unobjectionable, and has proved himself a valiant soldier in the campaign of 1866.—This election gives the house of Savoy a position of great importance among the royal families of Europe.

—A boiler in a grist mill at Hamilton exploded on Saturday afternoon, instantly killing two men and severely injuring six others, one of whom died on Sunday. It appears that the boiler had been under repairs, and the work of putting it in order had just been completed. Steam had been started to test the boiler, when it exploded. Two men who were killed belonged to St. Joseph, Mo., and were superintending the work on the boiler. The five who were injured cannot, it is thought, recover.

—In Blackhawk county, Iowa, there is a wonderful woman. Mrs. Samuel Shoen is her name, and she is the mother of three pairs of twin boys and two pairs of girls, and in all, twelve boys and six girls, all of twin whom arrived at manhood, and womanhood, except one twin boy that died when three days old. Mrs. Shoen still survives her husband, and had at one time seven boys in the army. One pair of twins went thru' the war and died soon after, within a few hours of each other, but thirty miles apart.

—It is reported that a certain Senator is drawing up a resolution, based upon the Grant-Cox correspondence, to introduce in the Senate as soon as that body meets, providing for a thorough investigation of the alleged corrupt use of money by William McGarrahan while trying to get a patent for diputed land claims. Some rich developements are anticipated, and those who claim to be perfectly familiar with the inside history of this case aver that an investigation will disclose astounding corruption on the part of officials, some of whom are in Congress.

MELANCHOLY NARRATIVE OF SHIPWRECK.—The Belleville Ontario gives the following account of the loss of the schooner Jessie:

During the storm on Tuesday, October 30, the Jesse was seen to approach the lee,(north side) of Salmon Point, and, getting well into the cove, cast anchor. The wind on Sunday afternoon being nearly from the south, the point formed an excellent shelter, and in all probability the master of the unfortunate vessel hoped to ride safely at anchor until the weather would permit him to reach his destination. During the night the wind shifted to the west, and sealed the doom of the vessel. Before daylight on Monday morning she was discovered in her perilous condition by some fishermen, and in a short time the inhabitants of the surrounding neighborhood were on the beach, hoping to render assistance to the poor fellows on board. But instead of enjoying the happy consciousness that they were instrumental in saving the lives of their fellow-beings, they were doomed to witness the most appalling scene we have ever been called upon to describe. The approach of daylight revealed to the bystanders the awful condition of the unfortunate seamen, but brought with it no means of rescue. The vessel had dragged anchor and struck bottom about thirty rods from shore. The wind was blowing a gale from the west, and the sea rolling it in large waves over the deck of the Jessie, broke upon the beach with relentless fury, completely frustrating the efforts of the spectators to reach the wreck. The main boom had been hoisted above the waves, and five men were clinging to it as their only hope of safety until assistance came. Three other unfortunates were hanging to the rigging, looking wistfully to the shore, and doubtless hoping against hope that they would be spared to reach it alive. A staunch boat was brought to the shore, and many willing hands, impelled by brave hearts, attempted to buffet the waves, but were again and again thrown back upon the beach. At about 10 o'clock in the forenoon all hope was suddenly brought to an end. The vessel seemed to break asunder in the centre, the spars fell, the sea washed over the ruins, and eight human beings were enveloped by the angry waters! Two or three of the poor fellows were seen to keep above the waves for a few minutes, and one, who must have been a powerful man as well as an expert swimmer, vainly strove to reach the shore, but carried along the beach by the current and back swell until he was thirty rods from the wreck and twenty rods from the shore, he disappeared forever. This ended those painful hours of Monday morning. The frantic shouting of the crowd on shore sank into a mournful silence, and tears of sorrow were shed for the strangers who perished on our would be hospitable shores.

THE WAR RECORD.—Gen. von der Tann has been removed from his command, which looks as if his defeat at Orleans—according to the *Tribune* a piece of high strategy—was not quite considered so by King William and General von Moltke. The Germans are doing their best to prepare against the French attack from the army of the Loire, and Gen. Trochu's, Army of Paris. A strong German army is rapidly concentrating west of Paris, under the command of the Duke of Mecklenburg. Everything is in readiness at Versailles for a speedy removal of King William's household in case of defeat. Nevertheless he has invited the King of Bavaria to meet him there, and the latter is preparing to do so. There are now more than a million men under arms in France, and all that is wanted is organization. The war cloud in the East is rapidly darkening the entire horizon, but there are no signs yet of positive thunder. Russia is ready for the fray; her ironclads in the Black Sea will most probably move first. England is getting her navy ready, and her Guards have orders to prepare for the field. Her Cabinet, however, is "deliberating," and quakes with internal throes. Turkey, most interested of them all, is peacefully inclined, but is calmly making ready for a death struggle, if needs be. It is the general opinion in England that by January next all Europe will be on the war path.

[From the Toledo Blade.]

New Route to St. Louis--Short Line via Decatur.

The Toledo, Wabash & Western is one of the great railroad corporations of the country. Its eastern terminus is Toledo, west, viz: Keokuk, Iowa; Quincy, Illinois; Hannibal, Mo.; St. Louis, Mo. At Keokuk it connects with the Des Moines Valley Road, and through it with the Chicago and Northwestern to Omaha, passing through the heart of Iowa. At Quincy it strikes the Hannibal and St. Joe Road, and makes all points in Kansas, and with the St. Joe and Council Bluffs Road, a direct connection with the Union Pacific and the entire State of Missouri. Leaving the Quincy line at Bluff City, a branch goes direct to Hannibal, Mo., and thence over the New Hannibal and Moberly Road to Kansas City and Leavenworth, making by this route an almost air line from Toledo to Kansas City. These three terminal points control a large portion of the West.

This Company has now completed its new road from Decatur, Ill., to East St. Louis, making a direct, continuous line from the head of Lake Erie to St. Louis, without break or change of cars.

The completion of this connection is an event in the history of Railroads in this country. St. Louis is the chief city on the Mississippi, and is the point of departure for the vast territory in the west. A line of road stretching from Lake Erie to the Mississippi, passing through two of the greatest of the States, cannot be but considered one of the greatest enterpises of the country, as by its new connection it transports passengers from the great Lakes to the great river without change or delay.

The Wabash route is now prepared as well for passenger traffic as any road in the United States, and the completion of this most important connection gives it a hold upon business which it has heretofore made no special effort to secure.

By this line the distance from Toledo to St. Louis is only *one hundred and thirty miles*. The old Wabash Road through the heart of Indiana and Eastern Illinois is used to Decatur, Illinois, where the new line branches off, passing counties as follows:

Macon county—chief town, Decatur.
Christian county—chief town, Taylorville.
Macoupen county—chief town, Staunton.
Madison county—chief town, Edwardsville.

The road before reaching Decatur passes through the garden of Indiana, and the portion of Illinois that it penetrates is the best and richest. The counties we have specified are not excelled in the United States in point of wealth; of soil and natural beauty.

The Company's offices have made ample arrangements to properly accommodate the immense tide of travel that will naturally seek this avenue. They have placed upon the road new and elegant passenger coaches, fitted up regardless of expense, the ruling ideas being comfort and safety. There is absolutely nothing lacking in their cars.—The ornamentation is rich and chaste, the seats are not only beautiful but luxurious, and the heating apparatus is the best we have ever seen. To so fine a point have they brought this important item that every passenger may have almost the precise temperature preferred.

The Wabash has a bridge spanning the Mississippi at Quincy, and is building two more, one at Keokuk and one at Hannibal. The Quincy bridge is a magnificent structure, and the others are to be not inferior to it.

The sleeping cars now on the road are Pullman's best, but the Company are building six in their shops, in Toledo, that excell "Pullman's best" in almost every particular. The finishing and furnishing are superb, and every convenience that has been devised is made use of.

As soon as the sleeping and palace cars, now being built, are finished, the passengers from New York to any point in the West may get in his seat at the Hudson River Depot, and never leave it until he reaches St. Louis.

The Company make it a special point to have none but gentlemen in their employ. The officers of each train are intelligent, obliging gentlemen, who feel that their duty is not done with the collection of the tickets. The Wabash conductors have always been popular with the traveling public. Now that their facilities for making those in their cars comfortable have been increased, they will be more so.

The track of the Wabash is in most excellent order. The road has been thoroughly ballasted, and defective iron and ties all removed, and the best and heaviest put in their place. The road is smooth over its entire length, and so well built as to make the highest rate of speed safe. The condition of the track, with the care exercised in the construction of the cars on the line, relieves the traveler of the constant feeling of danger one experiences on roads less carefully constructed and less conscientiously managed.

The new depots at St. Louis are the most commodious in that city. The Company have constructed a new passenger depot at the ferry, and the Transit Company have built a new and complete equipment of Omnibusses and baggage Wagons especially for this road, which run to every part of the city—to private houses and hotels, as well as the depots of other railroads.

At St. Louis, direct and close connections are made with the North Missouri, Missouri Pacific, Southern Pacific, Iron Mountain, and other lines to the West and Southwest, also with first class steamers for Memphis and New Orleans, and the intermediate points on the Mississippi.

We believe that the greatest part of the travel to the Great West will pass over this route—indeed we do not see how it can be otherwise. The trains from the East make close connections in the Union depot at Toledo, and from Toledo to the Mississippi there is no change whatever. The traveler whose destination is Kansas saves several hours of time by taking this route, and he goes in such comfort, and with such perfect assurance of safety, as to make it preferable, even though he save nothing in time thereby.

The majority of the men whose unremitting efforts have carried forward this great enterprise, are citizens of Toledo.

Hon. Azariah Boody, the President, resides in New York, and the active duties of his office devolve upon John N. Drummond, Esq., of this city, the Vice President; Geo. H. Burrows is General Superintendent, with the duties usual to that important office; John B. Carson is General Freight Agent, and manages the commercial interests of the company, while John U. Parsons and W. L. Malcomb have control of the passenger business of the road, and the satisfactory manner in which its business with the public is transacted.

No road in the country has in its employ more able and accomplished men, or men more quick to realize the necessities of the hour or more ready to meet them.

The traveling public in the East will do well to remember the Wabash route, when arranging for a trip to the West. There is no better road in the country, and the day is not far distant when it will be so acknowledged by traveling men.

☞ JOHN HANLON has been found guilty of outraging and murdering little Mary Mohrman in Philadelphia. He will doubtless be hung.

THAT'S WHAT'S

THE

MATTER.

THE

LARGEST!

BEST!

FINEST!

AND MOST

COMPLETE!

And Varied

STOCK OF

Ready-Made

CLOTHING

EVER SEEN INSIDE THIS

OBSCURE VILLAGE

--OF--

EBENSBURG

IS NOW

OPENED OUT

AT

V. S. BARKER'S

CHEAP

CASHSTORE

GO TO BARKER'S

Clothing store

mbria Freeman.

SDAY, [illegible] NOV. 24, 1870.

EO. P. ROWELL & CO., 40 Park Row, rk, and S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 37 w. New York, are the sole agents for the A FREEMAN in that city, and are author- to contract for inserting advertisements at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in are requested to leave their favors er of the above houses.

OCAL AND PERSONAL.

ws that turkey arrives within twenty- urs from present writing we shall be to sit down to a turkeyless Thanksgiv-

e your apple seeds—they are worth per ton. When you get a ton let us hear s and we will tell you where to dispose of if we find out.

. Michael W. Thomas, of Minta, Indi- ana, fell and broke one of his legs a few ago. Mr Thomas was at one time ent of this place.

e house of Robert M. Thomas, near ville, Indiana county, was burned with contents on Friday morning week. Loss —insurance $800.

three young Williamsburg ladies were moking cigars on the street a few even- ce. And yet the Temperance Vindi- published in that village.

clever mercantile friend Oatman has ks for a couple of as fine mackerel as mended the gullet of an epicure. Mart what's what and how to do it.

ew time table went into effect on the R. on Monday last. Its effect on ich will be noticed by reference to the ement at head of this column.

orge Walker stabbed Philip Marshall knife in Indiana, a few days ago, in- a severe though not dangerous wound rrest. Walker has been arrested.

s. Frew, mother of the Albino children, merly a resident of Hollidaysburg, was d badly wounded in the hip during the mbles at Dawson, Ga., in which Col. was killed.

ob Thomas announces his ability to sup ntsville and Mountain Coal in any de quantities and at lowest prices. Also, attended to promptly. Bob deserves ragement.

Johnstown tinner named John McClel- d one of his eyes so badly injured, a few go, by being struck by a tin clipping, flew up suddenly, that it is feared the has been destroyed.

r. Geo. Storm's magnificent painting of ning Point was disposed of by raffle in n on Saturday night last, Dr. Roller, of aysburg, being the lucky winner. The realized was $250, less expenses.

he first show of the season worth talking just in an appearance on Friday night ed, with a few additions since, it now es in depth a couple of inches. Sleighs rs are on the go, and bells give out a ingle.

o young men named Burkholder and quelled about a reserved seat at an tainment in Altoona, on Wednesday night week, and the result was that the latter n the former four or five times, produc- ty serious wounds.

untingdon has a demented individual McAuley, who, the Journal, says is for a "BIRTH in an insane asylum than running at large in the community."— Try laying in hospital be a better place r business, Brother Nash?

here is said to have been a rapid and g decline in pork in Indiana county re- A man named Hogg, while cleaning well, fell from the top to the bottom, a ce of thirty five feet, but fortunately es- with only a few slight injuries.

on. P. Fenlon, Esq., formerly of this was chosen at the late election as a del- to the Kansas Legislature from Leaven- City. Mr. Fenlon is just the kind of that deserves to be honored in that He will do no discredit to himself or stituents.

e are sorry to learn that our friend and John Dean, Esq., of Hollidaysburg, been suffering for a long time with a affection of the ankle joint, was forced his foot amputated one day last week eration was performed in Philadelphia, . D. is now doing well.

e inadvertently failed to notice last the fact that Col. Wm K. Piper's livery in Newport (Hollidaysburg) was de- by fire on the 10th inst. All the live were got out safely, the stable and a small ng not they being the only loss. An insur- of $500 on a loss of $900.

. T. W. Shoemaker, having sold his Cambria township, proposes to sell his stock of personal property at public out- on Thursday next, as will be seen by ad- ement in our paper to-day. We believe Mr. S's intention to move west, where his ity and energy cannot fail to bring him ndant reward.

. J. Mills is evidently sound on the light ion. He not only keeps the patent safety which furnish more light than any lamp yet invented, but he sells flour that ranted to make light bread of the very quality,—all of which he offers at the est kind of prices. Go to Mills and get ght on these subjects.

s scarcely possible to ask for anything way of stoves, hardware, tinware, glass- woodenware, cordage, etc, that cannot ed at Geo Huntley's mammoth house- furnishing emporium, nor is it possible to find ewhere more accommodating or more to deal liberally with his customers he aforesaid Mr. Huntley.

hen we last spoke of that popular Lo- merchant, A. J. Christy, he was in the ing in a stupendous stock of winter to our interest some of our readers to are now upon his shelves in rich profu ready to be sold at honest prices who want to purchase. People in that hborhood should not forget Christy's cheap store.

allie Barker is determined that no one ll ever with the cold this winter if he can for he has not only supplied himself large assortment of handsome furs and ther dress goods for the ladies, but has ge provision for the sterner sex in the of overcoats and other comfortable cloth- all of which will be sold at fair and hon- prices.

ve or more bears are said to have been in the vicinity of town within the past w days, and a party of hunters, we are ed in quest of the "varmints" on Sat- day, but as there is no bear meat in the we presume the bear hunters couldn't to go far enough to overtake the bears, will come home as bare as when they set to the expedition.

citizen of Philipsburg, Centre county, Stoop, formerly a Justice of the Peace, recently found about three miles from with his hands tied above him to the trunk of a tree, and gagged. He had been in that position, after being robbed of $400, over night, and was almost dead when found. The dastardly wretches who perpetrated the outrage have not yet been ar- rested.

Goods of all kinds at lower prices than have been attempted in this community, can be bought at Shoemaker & Co.'s cheap store. For the ready cash or produce are the terms that will be received in payment for goods. You cannot do better, if as well, anywhere in the county, but "pay the money and get the goods" is the motto they have adopted and are bound to stick to through thick and thin.

The holidays will be along this way in about a month, and it is just as well to say here that old Santa Claus will have his quarters as usual at the clock, watch and jewelry establishment of C. T. Roberts, where the choicest gifts for old and young will be dis- posed of with a liberal hand and at moderate prices. Persons intending to do the nice thing for wife, husband, children, mother, or other dear friend, will find in Cham's stock the very kind of articles suitable for that pur- pose.

Local Correspondence.

JOHNSTOWN, Nov. 21, 1870.

DEAR FREEMAN—The Borough of Millville, which is a very young place, has always been forward with an energetic Board of School Directors. But a few years ago that borough had only two schools. These were soon increased to three, then to four, then to five, then to six, then to seven, and lately to nine schools. To keep up with this increase of population taxed the energies of the School Directors to the utmost, and within the time mentioned they have built thirty-six thousand dollars' worth of school houses, and they have now twelve of the best school rooms in the county, if not in the State. The names of the present school board are A. M. Gregg, Evan G. Lewis, Patrick Hogan, Peter McDermott, John Fudge and Christian Brixner. On last Thursday County Superintendent T. J. Chapman held an examination of teachers in Room No. 4 of the Cinder street Union school building. About twenty-five teachers were present, and after a tedious and thorough examination the following selections were made by the directors:

BUILDING ON CINDER STREET—No. 1, S. B. M'Cormick, Principal, salary $50; No. 2, Wm. A. Grise, salary $45; No. 3, Linnie Lardin, salary, $40; No. 4, Mary Roach, salary $35; Janitor, H. W. Given.

BUILDING IN MINARSVILLE—No. 1, Frank Maloy, Principal, salary $50; No. 2, Kate Young, salary 45; No. 3, Ellen Quinn, salary $40; No. 4, Mary Griffin, salary $35; No 5, Maggie L. Davis, salary $35; Janitor, Mrs. Gallagher.

The other three rooms, one of which is a large Audience or Exhibition room, are not occupied at present, but will be before another year. The term is six months, commencing next Monday. There are at least six hundred children for the nine rooms. The Directors have done their best in making a judicious selection of teachers. Let the teachers emulate their example and make the schools what they ought to be.

A little "unpleasantness" has arisen here about an anonymous article that appeared in the Presbyterian Banner about some of our most worthy and respectable citizens, which the Tribune thoughtlessly charges upon Ebensburg. The article was evidently written in Johnstown and is so full of the old Know Nothing feeling as a dog is full of fleas. It is old Connecticut blue law perscription. A man dare not own a fine horse—he dare not build or dedicate a church—he dare not take a drink—he dare not send to a select school—he dare not own or go to a theatre,—he must bake his buckwheat cakes on Saturday night, and only just warm them on Sunday morning. If these sanctimonious, hypocritical people would just read the Bible and believe and practice its teachings, more good would be done. Solomon owned horses and no doubt rode out once in a while. The Son of man came eating and drinking, and they called him a wine bibber and a friend of publicans and sinners. So you see there were even slanderers then. If we have theatres the ancients had amphitheatres. What think you of that Mr. "Archer?" This term reminds me of a little story. "A wag an archer and shot at a frog." A certain man drew his bow at a venture, etc. Nobody hurt.

Snow has appeared in this vicinity. It is a strange looking material. It is as white as flour, and falls like feathers, while it is like salt in form—all crystals. You Ebensburg people had better come down and see it before it melts.

We understand there are four vacant schools in Richland, two in Conemaugh borough and one in Conemaugh township, at Mr. Von Leuen's. The Conemaugh borough schools will run three months if the weather does not get too cold, the houses being somewhat uncomfortable. We do hope that this borough will arouse and build a good, comfortable Union School building, and make it attractive for children. The children in that borough deserve better school houses than they have, and we hope to see them enjoying the comforts that the children of Johnstown and Millville boroughs enjoy before an other year passes around. ROB ROY.

SUMMERHILL TWP., Nov. 21, 1870.

FRIEND MAC—The typhoid fever still prevails in this locality, and notwithstanding the approach of winter, the disease is spreading rather than diminishing.

The reaper Death has been unusually busy in this section for the past few months, and among his victims are several aged and respected citizens. Besides those already noticed by me in previous letters, I note the following: Mrs. Rockett, who died on the 6th instant and whose death I intended to notice at length, had it not been so well and truthfully done by "M." in your last issue. Mrs. Feeney, mother-in-law of Mr. John Schroth, a respected resident of Wilmore, departed this life on last Monday evening, after a painful illness of several week's duration. The deceased was a convert to the Catholic faith and had the great happiness of dying in full communion with the church of her adoption. Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord. Mr. Austin Thompson, one of the early pioneers of this county, died of typhoid fever at his residence in Wilmore, on Wednesday evening, 17th inst. As the deceased was well known throughout the county, an extended notice would be superfluous. His remains were escorted, on Friday, to Hollidaysburg by a delegation of the I. O. of O. F. where they were interred with the ceremonies peculiar to that organization.

Mr. Daniel O'Skelly and Mrs. Itel, Sr., both of Washington township, are on the point of death, and Miss Annie Neff, of this township, is dangerously ill—the two latter being afflicted with fever.

The new U. B. church in Wilmore was formally opened for services on Sunday, Nov 6th, on which occasion a subscription was raised to liquidate the debt of said edifice amounting to the handsome sum of fourteen hundred and ninety-six dollars—several of the members going $100, and Jos. Miller, Esq., who is not a member, also subscribing a like amount.

We have had a premonition of winter in the shape of a fall of a couple of inches of snow, with indications of an additional supply ere long. In the meantime I remain

Yours, &c., SOLTERO.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Nov. 21, 1870.

DEAR FREEMAN—The Ladies' Fair for the benefit of the new Catholic church in this place, and which was held in Chest Springs, closed on last Thursday. It was well attended, and the ladies who had charge of it deserve the highest mede of praise for the arduous labor they performed to make it a success; and I am glad to know that their efforts were crowned with success, both socially and financially. I am not yet in receipt of the net proceeds, but will give you the details again.

The vote on the different articles caused more excitement than anything else connected with the Fair. One article was a very handsome hand-saw for the most popular carpenter, for which the candidates were John Behe, J. E. McKenzie, D. A. Clark, Wm. McGuire, D. C. Little, G. A. Miller, Michael Waltz and Thomas Nipple. Mr. Nipple having beaten the next highest by seventy-nine votes of course took the saw an article which he knows how to use to perfection. Next was a beautiful dress pattern voted for among the married ladies in charge of the Fair. The candidates were Mrs. Mary Ann Cooper, Mrs. W. E. Reiley, Mrs. S. A. McGough, Mrs. I. Wagner and Mrs. John Conrad, Mrs. Conrad took the dress by quite a nice majority—a reward which she well deserved. Next was a superb dress to be voted for among the unmarried ladies connected with the Fair, the candidates being Miss Annie Douglass, Miss Bridget McCoy, Miss Sarah Byrne, Miss Ellie McGuire, Miss Mary Glass and Miss Maggie M. Maloy. Miss Maloy, having one hundred and forty-eight majority, took the prize. It may not be out of place to state that it was she (Miss Maloy) who took the gold bracelet at the last Fair at St. Augustine for being the most popular young lady in the congregation, which proves decidedly that for popularity and industry, and, I may add, beauty and grace, Maggie stands at the head of the class. These are the proceedings so far as I have learned them, and as there is no other local news of interest in this "neck o' timber," I will have done for this time. ORION.

CARROLLTOWN, Nov. 21, 1870.

DEAR FREEMAN—Last week Mr. John Lantzy and Mr. Hiram Fritz took their departure hence to the forests of McKean county in pursuit of game. They are both good hunters and good marksmen, and no doubt they will be successful in capturing a sufficiency of large game to warrant their somewhat extended hunting tour (as proposed) of three weeks.

A new post office has been established at St. Nicholas, called "Nicktown," but through some mistake our clever post-master, Sheriff Buck, was appointed as P. M. at Nicktown. Of course there must be a new appointment before the office can go into operation.

Thursday next being Thanksgiving day, Mynheir Blum proposes giving another party, such as he has several times before made on similar occasions, and to any person who has ever been at one of these first class affairs, I need not give the assurance that the coming one will be enjoyable. All are invited. A good supper will be served and oysters at any hour of the night and in any style furnished.

Weddings and christenings are all the go here now, and we challenge the county to a test if any village will claim to surpass ours in these lines of business. What says ye "deserted village ?"

Snow clouds hovering over us and slush and mud under foot make the general appearance of things in the weather line anything but pleasant. E.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Laying of the Corner Stone of the new Catholic Church at Hazlewood, 23d Ward, Pittsburgh.

DEAR FREEMAN—Sunday, Nov. 13th, was a glad day for Hazlewood, for on that occasion we were called upon to witness the laying of the corner-stone of a new church to be erected to the honor of God under the patronage of St. Stephen. It was a happy day for the Catholics in and around Hazlewood, and it was a thrice happy one for the worthy pastor, Father Ward, who labored zealously for that much desired result.

The preceding week a special train was engaged to convey from the city persons wishing to attend the ceremonies, as well as those from intermediate points, to the place by 3 o'clock p. m. Shortly after the arrival of the train an innumerable number, composed not only of Catholics, but of all classes and of all religious denominations, assembled to witness the ceremony of laying the corner stone. At the time appointed for the ceremonies to commence, a procession was formed by the students and clergy of St. Michael's Seminary, at a public school house near the site for the new church, and proceeded to a platform which had been erected, and from which the Right Rev. Bishop, arrayed in the graceful robes of his office, addressed a large and intelligent audience. The Bishop in a forcible and eloquent manner portrayed the beauty of the Catholic church, the nature and obligations of her faith and maintained that there was only one true religion existing. I think, from the attention that was given to every word of his discourse, that his words were not uttered in vain. After the discourse the Bishop proceeded to lay the corner stone, assisted by Rev. F. Hughes as deacon, and Rev. F. Nolan as sub-deacon. Owing to the pleasant weather the ceremonies were very interesting and satisfactory. The corner stone is a large block of gray granite two feet eight or nine inches square of the centre chiseled out, in which a box was placed containing many articles, such as coins, documents, etc., copies of the Pittsburgh daily and weekly papers, and also a copy of your welcome journal. After this the Bishop took a trowel, and made the sign of the cross on each corner of the stone, and with the assistance of the clergy present, the stone was laid, after which the Bishop gave his benediction to the multitude. The procession being formed again, the hymn "*Der Grosser Gott Wir Loben Dich*," was sung with beautiful effect by the students, proceeding to the public school house. It is supposed that the church will be ready for occupancy in about one year. The site is beyond question the most desirable that could be found, its position affording a a magnificent view along the Monongahela. AMICUS.

IN THE WEEKLY MEDICAL REPORT of Drs. T. & T. L. Oldshue, 132 Grant street, Pittsburgh, the number of diseases treated by them during the week ending Nov. 19, 187 , was 159.

To those living at a distance, they say, "We would suggest the following points of observation for those who contemplate sending to us for medicines or examinations:

"In collecting a specimen of URINE for analysis, take that first passed in the morning.

"Send about TWO ounces, in a clean vial well corked.

"To avoid confusion of names and cases, always give the NAME of the patient in full.

"Be sure to give the AGE of the patient. In fact, to know the AGE is not only necessary to the proper regulation of the doses of medicine, but it is indispensible to a correct examination of the case."

THE VOICE OF EXPERIENCE.—"In common with other large advertisers, we have had to do business with Advertising Agents to a large extent. We have tried nearly all of the various agencies, but came to the conclusion long ago that we could do better by giving our business to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 40 Park Row, New York, than by employing any other persons. They are prepared to insert an advertisement in one or four thousand papers, and at the publisher's lowest prices. We have tried them—doing business with them weekly—and we KNOW they can do our advertising better and cheaper than we could do it ourselves.—Having the most extensive facilities for doing business, they never make mistakes—at least they never make mistakes on our work."—From Hunter & Co.,'s Star Spangled Banner, Hinsdale, N. H.

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR.—The December number of this pure and beautiful magazine closes the year, and we advise all who wish to put into the hands of their little ones a wise counsellor, a loving friend, and a pleasant companion, to take it for 1871. T. S. Arthur, the editor, will commence a serial in the January number called, "The wonderful Story of Gentle Hand," which cannot fail to be deeply interesting. A Holiday Supplement will be given with this number, containing nine Carols for Christmas, new and old. Send a stamp for postage to T. S. Arthur & Sons, Phila., and get a specimen of "The Children's Hour."

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!—Where? Where?? Where??? At N. F. Carroll's Cheap Dry Goods and Grocery Store, No. 215 Main street, Johnstown, opposite the Opera House. Mr. C. has not only an immense stock of dry goods and groceries, but having an eye single to the comfort of his customers, has laid in a large assortment of Furs at all prices from two dollars up to twenty-five. Do not fail to call on Mr. Carroll, who must make sale of all his goods before the spring time comes.

THAT STOVE PIPE.—Stove pipe hats have gone out of fashion, but Cohen & Bro. have all kinds of fashionable hats and caps at No. 227 Main st., Johnstown. They have also cheap Furs at 227, sign of the Great Bear. Call and get a complete outfit, because you cannot get them cheaper than they sell them. Oh, the beautiful hats and caps, furs and furnishing goods! And this is just the weather to make furs feel good. Call and shake hands with the Great Bear.

S. J. HESS & BRO.—This is the name of the new firm that purchased the Clothing Store of Leopold & Bro., No. 241 Main street, Johnstown, and this new firm is now selling made-up clothing faster than hot cakes disappear at a railroad hotel. The members of this firm seem fully to understand their business, and they sell low, believing in great sales and small profits. Indeed we wonder how they can sell so cheap.—Give them a call that will pay.,

JOHN J. MURPHY, dry goods merchant, at the Mansion House cheap corner, Johnstown, has a private word to say to every citizen of Cambria county, but he won't tell any one till they visit his store. He has a little secret about selling dry goods cheaper than the cheapest. Suppose you call down, gentle reader, and find out the riddle. Murphy knows how to tell a thing or two about buying goods to advantage. Call and he will enlighten you.

GOOD LOOKING.—What makes a man good looking? Why, good clothes. Where can a man get good clothes? Why, at James J. Murphy's. Where is James J. Murphy's. Why, at No. 109. Where is No. 109? Why, on Clinton street.—Where is Clinton street? Why, in Johnstown. Go and get good suits for every man and boy in the family at city prices. No wearing apparel in the market so good and cheap as Murphy's.

FOR NOTHING!—J. C. Lightcap, Cheap John's Corner, opposite the Foster House, Johnstown, is absolutely giving away boots and shoes, gaiters, gums and sandals. Any one can save from fifty cents to two dollars in the purchase of such articles from Mr. Lightcap. There is no dodge about this, as $5,000 worth of boots and shoes must be sold immediately. His store is the place and now is the time to buy.

VALUABLE TESTIMONY FROM ABROAD.—Vincent Lundberg of Stockholm, Physician-in-Chief the King of Sweden, recommends Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer for the scalp and for the hair.

FALL TRADE.—The following New Goods have just been opened at Mayer's New York Dry Goods, Millinery, and Clothing Stores, 212 and 214 Main street, (Opera House,) Johnstown:

French Merinos, every shade, from	75c. to $1.50
Irish Poplins, every shade, from	75c. to 1.25
Corded and Plain Alpacas	25c. to 75
Best Assortment of Black Alpacas	30c. to 1.25
Gorgeous Plaids, largest stock in town	40c. to 1.25
Plain and Corded Black Silks	1.50 to 4.50
Empress Cloth, all colors	65c. to 1.00
Chinchilla Beavers for Sacks and Cloaks	2.00 to 5.00
Black Beavers, in great varieties	1.75 to 6.00
Figured Changeable Poplins	50c. to 1.00
Children's Sets of Furs	2.50 to 10.00
Misses' Sets of Furs	3.50 to 12.00
Ladies' Sets of Furs	4.00 to 50.00
Children's Trimmed Hats	1.00 to 3.00
Misses' Trimmed Hats	1.25 to 3.50
Ladies' Trimmed Hats	1.50 to 10.00
Bonnets of every shape and size	2.00 to 15.00

From the smallest to the largest OSTRICH FEATHERS, of every color, and FLOWERS, we have the finest stock ever brought to this town. Our *Flannel* and *Blanket Department* is certainly one of the largest West of Philadelphia, and we intend to increase our sales of the above goods by our unusual low prices. We also have on hand 500 pieces of Prints, which will be sold at the very lowest city prices.

P. S.—In connection with the above we have one of the finest stocks of Ready-Made Boys' and Mens' CLOTHING, which goods were bo't entirely for *cash*, and consequently can be sold at the *lowest* figures. In this immense establishment every department is separate, but with ready access from one to the other. Remember the New York Dry Goods and Clothing Hall.

ELECTRICITY CURES CHRONIC DISEASES!!—Send for a pamphlet containing miraculous cures of obstinate chronic diseases—many performed upon some of the most eminent citizens in Western Pennsylvania.

The celebrated Sprecher Battery, with full instructions for use, for sale. Address

DR. G. A. SPRECHER,
Pittsburgh Electrical Institute, 257 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

STONEROAD'S CATHARTIC SYRUP. used in all cases instead of PILLS, EPSOM SALTS, CASTOR OIL, &c. Highly flavored. Pleasant to take. Children like it. Price 50 cents. Wholesale, R. E. SELLERS & Co., 45 Wood Street, Pittsburgh. Sold by Druggists and Country Storekeepers. [June 16, 1870.-ly.]

GONE TO THE BOTTOM.—This Fall the prices at Oak Hall do beat all. Fine suits from ten to twenty-five dollars; and all other things in proportion.

—The person who lost the Rosary beads on High street can have them by calling at this office.

EBENSBURG AND CRESSON RAIL ROAD.—On and after Monday, Nov. 21st, 1870, Trains on this road will run as follows:

DEPARTING--Leave Ebensburg
At 6:55 A. M., connecting with Pittsburgh Express West and Southern Express East.
At 6:50, P. M., connecting with Mail Train West and Philadelphia Express East.

RETURNING--Leave Cresson
At 10:55, A. M., or on departure of Pittsburgh Express West.
At 9:10, P. M., or on departure of Philadelphia Express East.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

ITS EFFECT IS MIRACULOUS!!

It is a perfect and wonderful article. Cures baldness. Makes hair grow. A better dressing than any "oil" or "pomatum." Softens brush, dry and wiry hair into Beautiful Silken Tresses. But, above all, the great wonder is the rapidity with which it restores GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

The whitest and worst looking Hair resumes its youthful beauty by its use. It does not dye the hair, but strikes at the root and fills it with new life and coloring matter.

The first application will do good; you will see the NATURAL COLOR returning every day, and

BEFORE YOU KNOW IT,

the old, gray, discolored appearance of the hair will be gone, giving place to lustrous, shining and beautiful locks.

Ask for Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; no other article is at all like it in effect.

See that each bottle has our private Government stamp over the top of the bottle. *As others are imitations.*

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists.

KEEP UP THE FIRES!—The subscriber is prepared to furnish BLAIRSVILLE and MOUNTAIN COAL of the very best qualities, in large or small quantities, on the shortest notice and at the most reasonable rates. Also, will attend to all kinds of HAULING with promptness and dispatch, and at as moderate prices as any man in the business.

R. R. THOMAS.

Ebensburg, Nov. 24, 1870.-3m.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!—I will offer at Public Sale, in the Borough of Wilmore, on Tuesday, Dec. 20th, '70, at 2 o'cl'k, P. M., THAT CERTAIN PIECE OF LAND situate in Summerhill tp., Cambria county, adjoining the Catholic church property and lands of Martin Ward and others, containing about 20 Acres, all cleared, with good buildings and excellent water. TERMS—*CASH.*

F. A. SHOEMAKER.
Nov. 24.-4t. Adm'r of John Fitzpatrick.

PERSONAL PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE!

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on **Thursday, the 1st day of December next,** at 10 o'clock, A. M., at his Farm in Cambria township, two miles east of Ebensburg, on the Loretto road, a lot of personal property, consisting of *Horses, Colts, Cows, Young Cattle, Hogs, Hay, Grain, Farming Implements, Wagons, Buggy, Harness, Sleigh, Robes, &c.* Also, a great variety of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. Terms on day of sale. T. W. SHOEMAKER.

Cambria Twp., Nov. 24, 1870.-1t.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that the following Appraisements of certain personal property of decedents, selected and set apart for the widows of intestates, under the Act of Assembly of 14th of April, 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, for approval, on Wednesday, the 14th day of December next, to wit:

The inventory and appraisement of the personal property of Peter Gosner, late of Cambria borough, Cambria county, dec'd, set apart for his widow—$300.

The appraisement of certain real estate of which Wm. Burk, late of Washington township, Cambria county, dec'd, died seized, elected to be retained by Harriet Burk, widow of said decedent, for use of herself and children—$300.

GEO. W. OATMAN, Clerk.
Clerk's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 19, 1870.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that the following Appraisements of certain Personal Property of Decedents, selected and set apart for the widows of intestates, under the Act of Assembly of 14th of April, 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county for approval, on Wednesday, the 7th day of December next, to wit:

The inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels, etc., which were of Geo. W. McDowell, deceased, set apart for widow of said decedent—$239.40.

The inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Joseph Richter, late of Carroll township, deceased, set apart for his widow, Helena Richter—$84.00.

The appraisement of personal property set apart for the widow of Capt. Mark McLaughlin, deceased—$316.25.

The appraisement of the real estate of Conrad Hoffa late of Johnstown borough, dec'd, elected to be retained by his widow—$750.

GEO. W. OATMAN, Clerk O. C.
Clerk's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 10, 1870.-4t.

GOOD WORDS FOR WILMORE!

A COMPLIMENT TO THE LADIES!

NEW FIRM and NEW GOODS.

It has been conceded of late that the ladies of Wilmore and vicinity are the fairest as well as the most sensible of any locality in the county, which may probably in part be accounted for by the fact, not yet generally known, that they buy all their

Millinery, Dress and Fancy Goods

AT THE

NEW STORE OF E. PAUL & CO.,

who have just opened out the largest and most complete stock ever brought to Wilmore, consisting of DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, MILLINERY, NOTIONS, HATS and CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, &c.,&c., which they sell at Johnstown prices for CASH or in exchange for country produce. Call and see for yourselves at the New Building, one door East of the new U. B. Church. E. PAUL & CO.

Wilmore, Nov. 17, 1870.-3t.

GREAT ANNUAL SALE!

THE LATENESS OF THE SEASON

AND AN

OVERSTOCK OF GOODS

Necessitates commencing earlier than usual our

GRAND CLEARING SALE!

Whilst we always sell at small profits, yet to make a

SWIFT AND LARGE SALE

WE WILL CUT STILL CLOSER!

THIS SEASON

OUR STOCK IS LARGER THAN EVER

and all fresh, as these large Annual Sales clear us out.

EVERY ARTICLE OF EITHER

Men's or Boys' CLOTHING,

Is warranted to be of good material, well cut, and of substantial make, and as the

REDUCED PRICES

ARE OFFERED

IN GOOD FAITH,

WE INVITE

COMPARISON OF THE PRICES,

WHICH WILL PROVE

THAT THE WAY WE BUY ENABLES US TO GET

UNDER OTHER PEOPLE'S LOW PRICES!

Especially when we are willing to sell many articles at the

BARE COST OF MANUFACTURE

TO CLOSE THE SEASON.

WE WILL NOT CARRY STOCK AND IT MUST BE SOLD.

THE GOODS WILL BE ARRANGED BY THE FIRST DAY OF NEXT WEEK.

To give an idea of what we actually have, there are in store

10,000 Business Coats,	*3,000 Fine Chesterfields,*
15,000 Men's Pants,	*4,000 Boys' Jackets,*
15,000 Men's Vests,	*6,500 Boys' Pants,*
5,500 Overcoats,	*4,000 Children's Suits.*

THIS IS THE BEST KIND OF CLOTHING!

AND OF EVERY DESIRABLE COLOR, CUT AND QUALITY.

Our immense Six-story Buildings are packed from Basement to Loft

ALL OF WHICH

WE ARE DETERMINED TO SELL.

For this occasion we have a large Corps of Salesmen, and will reinforce from our Cutting Department. Store will open at 6½ o'clock and keep open in the Evening until 8½ o'clock, to afford workmen an opportunity; Saturday Nights until 10 o'clock. A Visit solicited whether wishing to purchase or not.

Wanamaker & Brown,

OAK HALL!

WHOLE BLOCK OF BUILDINGS,

S. E. Cor. Sixth and Market Sts.,

PHILADELPHIA.

SELLING OFF AT COST!

30,000 DOLLARS' WORTH OF

DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, SILKS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, BROCHE, PAISLEY, THIBET AND BLANKET SHAWLS CLOAKS AND CLOAKING CLOTHS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, MILLINERY GOODS, RIBBONS, VELVETS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, FANCY GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, &c.

Also, FIFTY PIECES CARPETS,

of all grades and prices. Large stock of Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Trunks, Valises, Satchels, &c., &c. In fact, our entire stock will be offered at COST and CARRIAGE, and must all be sold by next Spring, previous to our removal to the West.

☞ This is unquestionably the best opportunity ever offered for the citizens of Cambria and surrounding counties to get SPLENDID BARGAINS. Our customers, and all who have ever been through our establishment, are fully aware that we have by far the largest and most complete stock of Goods in Cambria county. We therefore earnestly request all who want Goods cheap to call at once, as they may not soon have another such chance to get bargains. We wish it fully understood that there is no humbug about this whatever, as we have already made extensive purchases in Kansas and intend making it our future home. We are, therefore, determined to close out our entire stock by next Spring, either wholesale or retail. So call soon and avail yourself of this excellent chance to get good goods very cheap. Bring the Cash with you, as we will sell on no other terms.

GEIS & FOSTER, Nos. 113 and 115 Clinton St., Johnstown.

EXCELLENT BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE.—We offer at Private Sale our STORE BUILDING, Nos. 113 and 115 Clinton street, fronting 30 feet on Clinton street and running back 108 feet. It is probably one of the most complete and best arranged STORES in Western Pennsylvania. The second story is elegantly fitted up as a CARPET ROOM and for storing goods. This is an excellent opportunity for any one wishing to engage in the mercantile business. It is one of the very best located stands in Johnstown, and has been doing as good a trade as any store in the county. GEIS & FOSTER, Johnstown, Pa.

THREE CHOICE BUSINESS STANDS FOR SALE.—I hereby offer for sale on private terms three choice BUSINESS STANDS on the corner of Main and Clinton Sts., Johnstown, Pa. The piece of ground fronts 65½ feet on Clinton street and 49½ feet on Main street. This property will be sold all together or in parts, to suit purchasers. JOHN GEIS.

FINE RESIDENCE ON JACKSON STREET FOR SALE.—A new two story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, 24 by 50 feet, containing EIGHT ROOMS, GAS, WATER, BATH ROOM, RANGE, WASH HOUSE, &c., is offered at private sale. Lot fronts 41 feet on Jackson street and runs back 120 feet to an alley. ANDREW FOSTER.

Johnstown, November 10, 1870.-3m.

ROSADALIS

THE GREAT AMERICAN HEALTH RESTORER purifies the blood and cures Scrofula, Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.

Read the testimony of physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for our Rosadalis Guide to Health Book, or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution; it will give you much valuable information.

Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltimore, says:

I take pleasure in recommending your Rosadalis as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of Scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.

Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in cases of Scrofula and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results—as a cleaner of the blood I know no better remedy.

Samuel G. M'Fadden, Murfreesboro', Tenn., says: I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis and am entirely cured of Rheumatism; send me four bottles, as I wish it for my brother, who has scrofulous sore eyes.

Benj. Bechtol, of Lima, O., writes: I have suffered for 20 years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body. A short time since I bought a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.

Rosadalis is sold by LEMMON & MURRAY, Ebensburg, and Druggists generally. Laboratory, 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore. CLEMENTS & CO.,

April 7, 1870. 1y. Proprietors.

CONTINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Samuel E. Elmore, Pres't. - - Francis D. Douglass, Sec'y.

THIS COMPANY ranks among the first class Life Insurance Companies doing business in Massachusetts, and by complying with the laws of that State, insures perfect safety to her Policy Holders. It grants 50 per cent. loan of premium on Life Policies to its Insured, and by applying all the cash collected from its members to Insurance, gives the largest Insurance attainable for the amount of money invested. Its profits are divided among the Policy Holders, and its Dividends have never been less than 50 per cent., thus bringing the net cost of the Insurance within the most limited means, and affording the protection of a Policy on terms not excelled by any Company.

Trustworthy and reliable men are wanted to act as agents for this Company in Cambria and adjoining counties, and with such the most liberal arrangements will be made. To those who may be unacquainted with the business, full instructions and aid will be most cheerfully rendered whenever desirable or available.

COPE & JOHNSON,
Agents for Cambria County,
Johnstown, Pa.

HOME & NORTON, General Agents, 64 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. [apr.14.-1y.]

LIST OF CAUSES set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas to be held at Ebensburg, in and for the County of Cambria, commencing on Monday, the 5th day of December, A. D. 1870:

FIRST WEEK.

Lynch	vs. Noel.
Barker	vs. Robinson.
Fronhoiser & Plitt	vs. Huether & Bonacker.
Roberts & Honells	vs. Tiley.
McAbee	vs. Piddock & Adams.
Lloyd & Craver	vs. Edmiston.

SECOND WEEK.

Kinney	vs. Kinney.
Fry et al	vs. Roberts et al.
Holzner	vs. Roberts et al.
Huber's Heirs	vs. Huber et al.
Kern's Executors	vs. Young.
Robson	vs. Cowan.
Morgan	vs. Cowan, et al.
Milliken	vs. Troxell & Cowan.
McDermitt	vs. McDermitt's Heirs.
Cambria Iron Co	vs. Shirey.
Cambria Iron Co	vs. Baker's Heirs.
McDermitt	vs. McDermitt et al.

A TOUCHING STORY.—He came into the breakfast room one morning, and in a moment it was seen that a cloud was on his brow. There sat a lady-like wife waiting for him; the table fairly groaned, not with plated silver, but the solid material. The cloth was white as the snow, the family were seated round in pleasant expectancy; everything was smoking hot, and not an article there but even a pampered appetite could revel on. But the man's favorite dish was not there. Closer he came to the table, and with the inquiry, "Did you not know that I wanted a shad for breakfast?" He raised his foot and overturned the whole table on the floor. "It was at the fire being kept warm for you," replied his noble wife in her quiet, lady-like and conquering way. In an instant the haughty husband comprehended the situation; the next he was on his knees exclaiming, "Dear wife, you are nothing else but an angel born" Not a great while after that he died. His will was opened; his wife was executor; he left her all he had—$2,000,000. The above touching story is from Hall's Journal of Health. The man who can read it without dying and leaving his wife $2,000,000, is a brute, and the woman who can read it without forthwith buying a shad, is a dove not up the wisdom of serpents. It is said that on the day this story appeared in New York, some fifty thousand more shad were sold than on any preceeding day since the trade in that fish was first inaugurated. Broadway, Fifth avenue, and other of the prominent highways were one mass of women and shad.

NEWSPAPER PROTECTION —Doubtless nearly all railway passengers in cold weather have experienced considerable discomfort and sometimes positive injury to health from being exposed to the cold air which forces its way into the cars through the crevices in the windows.—This is especially the case with those who sit near the windows. To obviate this lay a newspaper over the arm and shoulder exposed to the draft. This will protect you from the cold, as effetually as would a heavy blanket. Thrown over the knees, similar warmth will be secured. Persons sometimes lie down on a sofa or lounge in rooms, the temperature of which is not over sixty degrees. After lying awhile they find themselves getting chilly. To avoid this open out a large newspaper or two and spread over the person — Try it one of these cold days, and be satisfied. A newspaper or two laid between a pair of sheets will keep a sleeper as warm or warmer than a pair of blankets. This may seem strange, but a trial will prove its correctness—at least such assurance is given by those who have tested the matter.

THE first manufacturer of buttons in this country was Samuel Williston.—While he was dragging along as a country store keeper—his eyes having failed him while studying for the ministry—his good wife bethought her that she could cover by hand the wooden buttons of the time, and thus earn an honest penny. From this time the couple advanced in their ambition until they had perfected machinery for covering buttons; the first employed for the purpose in this country. From this sprang an immense factory, and then others, until Samuel Williston made half the buttons in the world. His factories are still running in Easthampton, and known to every dealer in buttons the world over. He is now between seventy and eighty years of age, is worth five or six millions, and has given $400,000 to Easthampton for a seminary and for churches, and $200,000 to Amherst College, besides lesser gifts.

TIT FOR TAT.—A merchant came into a printing office one day, and seeing a pile of papers lying on a table, it being publication day, unceremoniously helped himself to a copy, and said: "I suppose you don't take any pay for just one paper?" "Not always," was the reply.—Shortly afterward the printer entered the merchant's store and called for a pound of raisins which were quickly weighed out to him. The printer took the raisins, saying: "I'spose you don't take anything when a fellow don't take but one pound?" "No," said the grocer, after seeing the disadvantage under which he was placed by his own stingy illiberality toward the printer, and said; "When I get any more newspapers from a printer, I'll pay for them.

JOHN H. POPE, druggist, of New Orleans, says that the substance known as "sugar drips" and retailed as "golden syrup" contains no sugar at all, but is produced by the destructive action of strong sulphuric acid (oil of vitriol) upon starch. To test the difference between this and cane syrup, dissolve a teaspoonful of the "golden syrup" in a wineglass of rain water; then add a few grains of tannic acid, when it will turn black as ink if the article is spurious. If not convenient to procure, make a cup of strong tea (which contains tannin) and add a teaspoonful of the "golden," and a fair quality of ink will appear.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to us directed, we will expose to public sale on the premises, on *Thursday, the 1st day of December*, 1870, at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following Real Estate of which James D. Shaw, late of Indiana county, died seized, to wit: *A CERTAIN TRACT OF LAND* situate in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Lovelace & King and Geo. Gooderham, on the east by lands of Douglass & Kinports, on the south by lands of Douglass & Somerville, and on the west by lands of Harter & Kinports—containing **107 Acres.**

TERMS OF SALE—One-half the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale and the balance in one year, with interest, to be secured by the judgment bonds and mortgage of the purchaser. R. H. M'CORMICK,
JOHN EASON,
Nov. 10.-3t. *Adm'rs of James D. Shaw, dec'd.*

NOTICE TO LAND OWNERS.—Having procured a perfect list of all warrantee names, dates of warrants, and of the payment of the purchase money and the names of the persons paying the same, with a complete draft made from the official records showing the location of each tract of land, I am prepared to procure patents from the Land Office for the owners of unpatented lands, under the Act of Assembly of the 20th of May, 1864, and the supplement thereto, as required by the recent order of the Surveyor General.
GEO. M. READE.
Ebensburg, March 24, 1870.-tf.

THE KIDNEYS!

The Kidneys are two in number, situated at the upper part of the loin, surrounded by fat, and consisting of three parts, viz: the Anterior, the Interior, and the Exterior.

The anterior absorbs. Interior consists of tissues, or veins, which serve as a deposit for the urine ann convey it to the exterior. The exterior is a conductor also, terminating in a single tube, and called a Ureter. The ureters are connected with the bladder.

The bladder is composed of various coverings or tissues, divided into parts, viz.: the Upper, the Lower, the Nervous, and the Mucous. The upper expels, the lower retains. Many have a desire to urinate without the ability; others urinate without the ability to retain. This frequently occurs in children.

To cure these affections, we must bring into action the muscles, which are engaged in their various functions. If they are neglected, Gravel and Dropsy may ensue.

The reader must also be made aware, that however slight may be the attack, it is sure to affect the bodily health and mental powers, as our flesh and blood are supported from these sources.

GOUT, OR RHEUMATISM.—Pain occuring in the loins is indicative of the above diseases. They occur in persons disposed to acid stomach and chalky secretions.

THE GRAVEL.—The gravel ensues from neglect or improper treatment of the kidneys.—These organs being weak, the water is not expelled from the bladder, but allowed to remain; it becomes feverish, and sediment forms. It is from this deposit that the stone is formed, and gravel ensues.

DROPSY is a collection of water in some parts of the body, and bears different names, according to the parts affected, viz: when generally diffused over the body, it is called Anasarca; when of the abdomen, Ascites; when of the chest, Hydrothorax.

TREATMENT.—Helmbold's highly concentrated compound Extract Buchu is decidedly one of the best remedies for diseases of the bladder, kidneys, gravel, dropsical swellings, rheumatism, and gouty affections. Under this head we have arranged Dysuria, or difficulty and pain in passing water, Scanty Secretion, or small and frequent discharges of water; Strangury, or stopping of water; Hematuria, or bloody urine; Gout and Rheumatism of the kidneys, without any change in quantity, but increase in color, or dark water. It was always highly recommended by the late Dr. Physick, in these affections.

This medicine increases the power of digestion and excites the absortents into healthy action by which the watery or calceous depositions, and all unnatural enlargements, as well as pain and inflammation, are reduced, and it is taken by men, women, and children. Directions for use and diet accompany.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Feb. 25, 1867.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist:

DEAR SIR—I have been a sufferer, for upward of twenty years, with gravel, bladder, and kidney affections, during which time I have used various medicinal preparations, and been under the treatment of the most eminent Physicians, experiencing but little relief.

Having seen your preparations extensively advertised, I consulted with my family physician in regard to using your Extract Buchu.

I did this because I had used all kind of advertised remedies, and had found them worthless, and some quite injurious; in fact, I despaired of ever getting well, and determined to use no remedies thereafter unless I knew of the ingredients. It was this that prompted me to use your remedy. As you advertised that it was composed of buchu, cubebs and juniper berries, it occurred to me and my physician as an excellent combination, and, with his advice, after an examination of the article, and consulting again with the druggist, I concluded to try it. I commenced its use about eight months ago, at which time I was confined to my room. From the first bottle I was astonished and gratified at the beneficial effect, and after using it three weeks, was able to walk out. I felt much like writing you a statement of my case at that time, but thought my improvement might only be temporary, and therefore concluded to defer and see if it would effect a perfect cure, knowing then it would be of greater value to you and more satisfactory to me.

I am now able to report that a cure is effected after using the remedy for five months.

I have not used any now for three months, and feel as well in all respects as I ever did.

Your Buchu being devoid of any unpleasant taste and odor, a nice tonic and invigorator of the system, I do not mean to be without it whenever occasion may require its use in such affections.
M. MCCORMICK.

Should any doubt Mr. McCormick's statement he refers to the following gentlemen:

Hon. WILLIAM BIGLER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. THOS. FLORENCE, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. C. KNOX, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. S. BLACK, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. D. R. PORTER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. ELLIS LEWIS, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. W. A. PORTER, City Solicitor, Philadelphia.
Hon. JOHN BIGLER, ex-Governor, California.
Hon. E. BANKS, Auditor General, Washington, D. C.
And many others, if necessary.

☞ Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Beware of counterfeits. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or six bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 Broadway, New York.

NONE ARE GENUINE
—UNLESS—
Done up in Steel Engraved Wrapper,
—WITH—
FAC-SIMILE OF MY CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
—AND SIGNED—
H. T. Helmbold.
June 23, 1870.-1y.

A GREAT MEDICAL DISCOVERY

Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS

Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and all the Viscera Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal. ☞ Send for a circular.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,
Made of **Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors** doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

$100 will be given for an incurable case, provided the bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these **Bitters** have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Head ache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other **WORMS,** lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

5-20'S AND 1881'S

BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED
ON MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

GOLD

BOUGHT AND SOLD AT MARKET RATES.

COUPONS CASHED,

Pacific Railroad Bonds

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Stocks Bought & Sold on Commission Only

Accounts received and Interest Allowed on Daily Balances, subject to check at sight.

DeHAVEN & BRO.

No. 40 South THIRD Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

EBENSBURG
DRUG AND BOOK STORE.

HAVING recently enlarged our stock we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Leon's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives. Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Ess Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, Pure Spices, &c.;

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS,

Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper; Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c

☞ We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.

Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY,
July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

REVERE THE MEMORY OF *FRIENDS DEPARTED!*

MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, &c.

The subscriber still continues to manufacture of the best material and in the most workmanlike manner, at the

Loretto Marble Works,

all kind of MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES, as well as TABLE and BUREAU TOPS, and all other work in his line. None but the best American and Italian Marble used, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed to all cases at prices as low as like work can be obtained in the cities or elsewhere. Call and see specimens and judge for yourselves as to the merits cheapness of my work.
JAMES WILKINSON.
Loretto, March 12, 1868.1y.

THE TANITE
EMERY WHEEL,
FOR
Gumming Saws,
IS THE
BEST SAW GUMMER!
IN THE WORLD!
FOR SALE BY
GEORGE HUNTLEY,
Ebensburg, Pa.

A FREAK OF NATURE.—A correspondent of the Mobile Register, of November 3, gives the following story:

"Having heard that it was reported that it had been raining for several days on the enclosed ground which forms my family burying ground in the Catholic burying ground on Stone street, above Three-Mile creek, I drove out there last evening to satisfy myself, and to my intense astonishment, I saw that a column of rain was coming down without ceasing, which, altogether, hardly powerful enough to lay the dust, was enough to wet the hands or any article, and at times it rained quite hard. The volume of rain fell inside the enclosure, and nowhere else, as the weather was and has been bright and clear all the time during the five days the rain had been falling on these graves. There are thirteen of my family buried in the lot of ground upon which it has been raining. My mother, brother, and sisters visited the spot yesterday and the day before to satisfy themselves about the truth of this matter, and they declare that they too saw this wonderful phenomenon. It has also been seen by over two hundred persons. I took a friend with me when I visited the spot, who also saw the rain falling as described. Mr. John Rosset, the keeper of the cemetery, told me that the rain had commenced falling in heavy drops about five days ago. I am willing ta take my oath as to the truth of this statement."

So incredible did this extraordinary affair seem, that those who saw it several days ago refrained from stating or asserting what they had seen, for fear that not only their veracity, but their sanity would be questioned, and it was not until a number of gentlemen of the first respectibility had seen and reported the result of their personal observations, any credence was attached to the truth of the matter. Take it all together, it is certainly the most astounding atmospherical wonder in this part of the world, and will doubtless afford abundant food for thought, research, and observation not only among scientific men, but all classes.

BURIAL OF THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.—This is the way they did it in Delaware, according to the Wilmington *Gazette*. The author need not be afraid that the "shade" of Sir John Moore will haunt him:

Not a drum was heard, not a funeral note,
As his corpse to oblivion we hurried;
Not a groan escaped from a white man's throat
When the Fifteenth Amendment was buried.

We buried him deep in Delaware's soil—
So deep that they ne'er will uncover him,
Unless some Radicals boring for oil,
By the dearly-loved scent should discover him.

His coffin was made of a ballot-box,
With white men's ballots we bound him,
And he looked like a baboon taking his rest,
With COMMERCIALS and TRIBUNES around him.

Few and short were the speeches we made,
We dropped not a tear or a moan,
But his body and spirit together we laid,
Just out of the white man's home.

And as we were hastily tramping him down,
'Twas said if the d——l don't take him,
He'll quietly sleep in that grave so deep,
'Til the trumpet of Gabriel shall wake him.

FAR away among the Alleghanies, there is a spring so small that a single ox in a summer's day could drain it dry. It steals its unobtrusive way among the hills till it spreads into the beautiful Ohio. Thence it stretches away a thousand miles, leaving on its bank more than a hundred villages and cities and many a cultivated farm and bearing half a thousand steamboats. Then joining the Mississippi, stretches away and away some twelve hundred miles more, till it falls into the emblem of eternity. It is one of the greatest tributaries of the ocean, which obedient to God only, shall roll and roar till the angel, with one foot on the sea and the other on the land, shall lift up his hand and swear that time shall be no longer. So with immortal influences. It is a rill—a river—an ocean—and as boundless as eternity.

WOOD, MORRELL & CO.,
WASHINGTON STREET,
Near Pa. R. R. Depot, Johnstown, Pa.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY GOODS,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS.
IRON AND NAILS,
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
GLASS WARE, YELLOW WARE,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,
PROVISIONS and FEED, ALL KINDS,
Together with all manner of Western Produce, such as FLOUR, BACON, FISH, SALT, CARBON OIL, &c., &c.
☞ Wholesale and retail orders solicited and promptly filled on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.
WOOD, MORRELL & CO.
Johnstown, April 28, 1870.-1y.

GEO. C. K ZAHM.....JAS. B. ZAHM.
ZAHM & SON,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES
Usually Kept in a Country Store.
WOOL AND COUNTRY PRODUCE
TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS!
STORE ON MAIN STREET,
Next Door to the Post Office,
June 10, 1869. EBENSBURG, PA.

FIRST NATIONAL
Saddle & Harness Shop
IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.

The subscriber has commenced business at his Old Stand on High street, West Ward, opposite the Union School House, Ebensburg, Pa., where he is manufacturing and is prepared to fill all orders in his line at greatly reduced prices. Desirous of patronage from all former patrons and the public generally, I invite them to call, with a view of saving money for themselves, as I will positively furnish the best and cheapest work that is or can be made in this or adjoining counties. Call and see samples of my work and learn my prices.
M. M. O'NEILL.
Ebensburg, March 10, 1870.-tf.

DENTISTRY.—The undersigned, a graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, respectfully offers his PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity, which place he will visit on the FOURTH MONDAY of each month, to remain one week.

Aug.13. SAM'L BELFORD, D. D. S.

DR. H. B. MILLER,
Altoona, Pa.,
Operative and Mechanical DENTIST.

Office removed to Virginia street, opposite the Lutheran church. Persons from Cambria county or elsewhere who get work done by me to the amount of Ten Dollars and upwards, will have the railroad fare deducted from their bills. ALL WORK WARRANTED. [Jan. 21, 1869.-tf.

DR. D. W. ZIEGLER, Surgeon Dentist, will visit Ebensburg professionally on the SECOND MONDAY of each month, and remain one week, during which time he may be found at the Mountain House.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrate Oxide, or Laughing Gas.

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., tenders his professional services as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Carrolltown and vicinity. Office in rear of building occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a store. Night calls can be made at his residence, one door south of A. Haug's tin and hardware store. [May 9, 1867.

R. J. LLOYD, successor to R. S. BUNN, Dealer in *Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.* Store on Main street, opposite the "Mansion House," Ebensburg, Pa.
October 17, 1867.-6m.*

W. W. JAMISON, M. D., Loretto, Cambria Co., Pa., Tenders his professional services to such of the citizens of the above place and vicinity as may require medical aid [April 21. 1y.]

E. H. PLANK, M. D., tenders his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. Office on High street, opposite the new Congregational church, East Ward. Night calls can be made at the late residence of Dr. R. S. Bunn, West Ward. [my12.]

LLOYD & CO., Bankers,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made in all accessible points in the United States and a general Banking business transacted

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,
BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.
Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made.—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. an81.

D. M'LAUGHLIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in the Exchange building, on the Corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.
Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street.
Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

C. L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.* Office on Franklin street, upstairs, over John Benton's Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

C. W. EASLY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office, No. 108 Franklin street, Johnstown, Pa., two doors North of Frazer's Drug Store. Will attend promptly to all manner of legal business that may be entrusted to him.

A. KOPELIN, - - - - T. W. DICK,
Johnstown. Ebensburg.
KOPELIN & DICK, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office with Wm. Kittell, Esq., Colonade Row. [oct.22.-tf.

R. L. JOHNSTON. J. S. SCANLAN.
JOHNSTON & SCANLAN,
Attorneys at Law,
Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.
Office opposite the Court House.
Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

E. A. SHOEMAKER..... GEO. W. OATMAN.
SHOEMAKER & OATMAN, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Offices on High street, immediately east of Huntley's hardware store. [ap.8,'69.

WM. H. SECHLER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in rooms recently occupied by Geo. M. Reade, Esq., in Colonade Row, Centre street. [aug.27.

GEO. M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law,* Ebensburg, Pa. Office in new building recently erected on Centre street, two doors from High street. [aug.27.

JOSEPH M'DONALD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Linton's Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

F. P. TIERNEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row.
Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN FENLON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa.*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

JAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.* Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan 31, 1867.

H. KINKEAD, *Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent.*—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hasson, Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg. jl3.

JOHN GAY. . . . . WM. WELSH.
GAY & WELSH,
Successors to Gay & Painter,
WHOLESALE
Grocers and Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c.,
362 LIBERTY STREET, - PITTSBURGH.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,
(*Conducted on the European Plan,*)
405 & 407 LIBERTY STREET, OPPOSITE THE UNION DEPOT, PITTSBURGH, PA.
AMES K. LANAHAN, - - - Proprietor.
This House is newly built and splendidly furnished, and convenient to all the Railroads coming into the city. The Restaurant connected with this Hotel open at all hours of the day and night. [oct.17.-1y.

SAVE MONEY!
BY PATRONIZING
M. L. OATMAN & CO.,
CHEAP CASH DEALERS IN
ALL KINDS DRY GOODS,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
Ready-Made CLOTHING,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
SATINETTS, JEANS,
FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS,
[And a Fresh and Complete Stock of
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES
CONSISTING OF
DOUBLE EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,
GRAIN, FEED,
BACON, SALT, FISH,
FRESH VEGETABLES,
DRIED & CAN'D FRUITS,
SUGARS, TEAS, COFFEES,
SYRUPS, MOLASSES, CHEESE, &c.
Also, a large stock of the
Best Brands of Cigars and Tobacco,
STORE ON HIGH STREET,
Four Doors East of Crawford's Hotel,
Ebensburg, Pa.

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

DO YOU HEAR THAT, FIREMEN?
AND ARE YOU PREPARED TO
OBEY THE SUMMONS!

This you are not, unless you have been to
Wolff's Clothing Store,
and have bought one of those superb
FIREMAN'S COATS,
to keep you warm and dry. WOLFF makes them at from $18 to $20, and any other garment you want you can have made to order at short notice.
☞ *NO FIT, NO CHARGE!* ☜
Mr. WOLFF has just returned from the East, and his READY MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
now contains the largest assortment, the most varied assortment, and altogether the most pleasing assortment of
SEASONABLE GARMENTS
FOR MEN AND BOYS,
EVER DISPLAYED IN ALTOONA.
☞ OVERCOATS, from the lowest priced Cassimere to the finest Beaver—all sizes.
☞ Full Suits of Clothing at from $9 to $30. Pants from $1,50 to $9. Vests from 75 cents to $5. Also, a general variety of
NOTIONS & FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
UMBRELLAS, SATCHELS, TRUNKS, &c.
☞ In the LADIES' DEPARTMENT will be found a full stock of FURS, from the lowest priced Coney to the finest Mink and Sable.
GODFREY WOLFF,
Next door to the Post Office, Altoona, Pa.

THOMAS CARLAND,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE.
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
STATIONERY AND NOTIONS,
FISH, SALT, SUGAR CURED MEATS,
BACON, FLOUR,
FEED AND PROVISIONS,
1323 Eleventh Avenue,
Between 13th and 14th Sts., Altoona.

All such goods as Spices, Brushes, Wood and Willow Ware, Shoe Blacking and Stationery will be sold from manufacturer's printed price lists, and all other goods in my line at Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati and Pittsburgh current prices. To dealers I present the peculiar advantage of saving them all freight and drayage, as they are not required to pay freights from the principal cities and no drayage charges are made. Dealers may rest assured that my goods are of the best quality and my prices as moderate as city rates. By doing a fair, upright business, and by promptly and satisfactorily filling all orders, I hope to merit the patronage of retail dealers and others in Cambria county and elsewhere. Orders respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. THOMAS CARLAND.
Altoona, July 29, 1869.-tf.

ANDREW MOSES,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
SUPPES'S BUILDING, CLINTON ST., JOHNSTOWN,

HAS just received his fall and winter stock of fine French, London and American CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, and a full assortment of Gent's FURNISHING Goods.

Mr. Moses has been for eight years cutter at Wood, Morrell & Co.'s establishment, and now desires to inform his friends and the public generally that he has commenced business in Supoes's building, on Clinton street, with a stock of goods adapted to the fall and winter, which he is prepared to make up in the latest styles and at moderate prices for cash, hoping by attention to business to merit a share of public patronage, and maintain that success which has heretofore attended his efforts in producing good fitting garments. Give him a call.
Johnstown, Sept. 2, 1868.-tf.

AN INCIDENT OF THE LATE REBELLION. Of all the anecdotes told of Gen. Lee, we have not read or heard any that tells the quiet humor of his character, and that we can supply. While the army camped around Hagerstown in the Maryland campaign, we were serving in the rear guard, commanded by an officer of the 1st Georgia regulars. For three days the guard and some 60 had subsisted on raw green corn, etc., and no rations had been issued to us in that time. In approaching Hagerstown, we passed by the tent of Gen. Lee, and he was walking up and down before it, apparently in deep thought.

The Georgia officer said: "I will ask Gen. Lee and complain that I have no rations, and ask for an order for some." I would not disturb him' he has enough of cares," advised. "Yes, I will," said the officer, and he halted the command and approached the General, who looked up as he came near and said: "Well, captain, what is it?"

"General," said the officer, "for three days and nights I have been here with a regiment of 100 men and 60 prisoners, without a morsel of food whatever."

Rapidly General Lee replied, "Why, sir, is it possible. You are the last man that has been scarching for. Walk into my tent at once, and impart to me the secret by which you subsist men without food. It is a problem that has given me more concern than all others. With your knowledge we can dispense with these long supply trains, and all the troubles we are at to obtain forage. Walk in and let me hear so valuable a secret, which is sure to obtain our success."

The officer of the Georgia regulars looked at Lee in amazement and made no reply. He lifted his hat and turned to his command and the word "Forward" rang with double emphasis from his lips. From that time forward until his annihilated regiment in the Army of Northern Virginia had time to recuperate, he was never known to complain or grumble, and a radical defect in his character was completely cured by the quiet humor of General Lee.

SOMETHING FOR "SLOPES"—London Saturday Review has the following about demonstrative love making in public: "Nothing is more annoying than the display of affection which some husbands and wives show to each other in society. This familiarity of touch, those half-caresses, those absurd names, that pretty vanity of endearing epithets, that determined attention which they flaunt before the public as a kind of challenge to the world at large to come and admire their happiness, are always noticed and laughed at, and sometimes more than laughed at.

"Yet to some women this parade of love is the very essence of married happiness. A part of their dearest privileges. They believe themselves admired and envied, and they are ridiculed and scoffed at; we even think their husbands are modest men to copy, when they are tolerable couples, for all to avoid. When we read manliness, however, do not pass this kind of thing; though, there are such as effeminite and gushing as women themselves, who like this sloppy effusion of love, and carry it on into quarrelling and fondling the ancient grandmother with hair, as lavishingly as they had the youthful bride, and seeing no want of harmony in calling a withered old dame of sixty and upward by the pet names by which they had called her when she was in the bloom of a girl of eighteen. The continuance of love from youth to old age is very fine and cheering; but even 'John Anderson my Jo' would lose its pathos if Mrs. Anderson ignored the difference between the silver locks and the snowy brow. The most touching display of familiar affection is not always among men who pride themselves on being good lovers; as certain men do—who have reduced the practice of love-making to an art, a science, and know their alphabet or letter."

A NICE LITTLE STORY.—Some time there was a young lady who had a pretty new teeth in her mouth. She went to them of a dentist, and they were fitted with a beautiful patent vulcanized rubber. This young lady could eat almost anything with her new teeth, and she felt very proud of them. They were so useful, and looked so well when she smiled. One day she was eating dinner just as fast as she could, when she got choked with a piece of beef, and she ran into the woodshed and coughed and coughed till the tears came into her eyes. Her father came out and pounded her on the back, and her mother made her drink a pail of cold water, and, finally, she got better, but found that her teeth were gone. So herself, her father, her mother, and her two sisters, and her brother, and the servant girl, and the dog, and her brother's little boy, looked all over the premises and shed for those teeth, but they could not find them. Then the young lady was sent for, and she said to her mother: "Oh mother, I have felt something hard in my throat ever since I drank that water, and I have swallowed my new teeth, and I shall die—and what shall I do?" That scared the mother, and she got the young lady to bed and sent for the doctor. Well, the teeth made her very sick, and you know how thin people sometimes get after the gnawings of remorse, and, of course, after the gnawings of three patent porcelain teeth, it would be much worse. The doctor could do nothing, and the young lady got worse and worse, until the doctor said she could not live more than twenty-four hours. That very day the neighbor's little boy found the three teeth in the back yard, where they had been thrown with the water. The young lady was coughing. He took them in and showed them to the young lady, who said she felt a good deal better, and got up and dressed. She is well now, but always takes out her teeth before she goes to dinner.

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